FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:11:20 ON 12 SEP 2008

=> file reg COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 11 SEP 2008 HIGHEST RN 1048736-36-2 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 11 SEP 2008 HIGHEST RN 1048736-36-2

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=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\STNEXP\Queries\10564945 str 1.str

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d L1 HAS NO ANSWERS L1 ST

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 11

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 09:12:13 FILE 'REGISTRY'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 0 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 0 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

L2 0 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 09:12:22 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 9 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 9 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 0 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> s L1 SSS full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 09:12:31 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 9 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 9 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

0 ANSWERS

0 ANSWERS

L4 0 SEA SSS FUL L1

=>

 ${\tt Uploading \ C:\ Program \ Files \ STNEXP \setminus Queries \ \ 10564945 \ str \ 2.str}$

L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d L5 HAS NO ANSWERS

L5 STR

NH NH2 NH CH2 COCH Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s L2 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 09:15:47 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 9 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 9 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L6 0 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file caplus

 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
 SINCE FILE
 TOTAL

 FULL ESTIMATED COST
 537.84
 538.05

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 12 Sep 2008 VOL 149 ISS 12 FILE LAST UPDATED: 11 Sep 2008 (20080911/ED)

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=> s 1.5

REG1stRY INITIATED

Substance data SEARCH and crossover from CAS REGISTRY in progress... Use DISPLAY HITSTR (or FHITSTR) to directly view retrieved structures.

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 09:17:05 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 3 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 3 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01 0 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**
3 TO 163
0 TO 0

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: PROJECTED ANSWERS:

L7 0 SEA SSS SAM L5

L8 0 L7

=>Testing the current file.... screen

THIS COMMAND NOT AVAILABLE IN THE CURRENT FILE

Please change to a suitable file and repeat your upload

Some commands only work in certain files. For example, the EXPAND command can only be used to look at the index in a file which has an index. Enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of commands which can be used in this file.

=> file reg COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE ENTRY 3.84 TOTAL SESSION 542.83

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:22:10 ON 12 SEP 2008 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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=>Testing the current file.... screen

ENTER SCREEN EXPRESSION OR (END):end

=> screen 1006 AND 2076

L9 SCREEN CREATED

Uploading C:\Program Files\STNEXP\Queries\10564945 str 3.str

L10 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> gue L10 AND L9

L11 OUE L10 AND L9

=> d L11

L11 HAS NO ANSWERS

L9 SCR 1006 AND 2076

L10 STR

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation. L11 OUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 AND L9

=> S L11 SSS full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 09:24:40 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -45 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 45 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

3 ANSWERS

3 SEA SSS FUL L10 AND L9

=> file caplus

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST 180.20 723.03 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:25:09 ON 12 SEP 2008 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

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=> d L13 1-2 ibib ab

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:429524 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:457060

TITLE: Methods using an activated αIIbβ3 receptor

antagonist for treating, preventing, and inhibiting cancer metastasis and tumor formation

INVENTOR(S): Weilbaecher, Katherine; Bakewell, Suzanne

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Washington Univ., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 81 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT	NO.	1	KIND		DATE		i	APPL:	ICAT	I NOI	10.		D.	ATE	
WO 2005 WO 2005 WO 2005	044978		A9		2005 2005 2006	1103	1	WO 2	004-	JS22	597		2	0040	715
W: 2003	AE, AG, CN, CO, GE, GH, LK, LR, NO, NZ, TJ, TM, SZ, BE,	AL, A CR, C GM, I LS, I OM, I TN, C	AM, CU, CU, CHR, ILT, ITR, ITR, CTR, CTR, CTR, CTR, CTR, CTR, CTR, C	AT, CZ, HU, LU, PH, TT,	AU, DE, ID, LV, PL, TZ, IE,	AZ, DK, IL, MA, PT, UA, IT,	DM, IN, MD, RO, UG, MC,	DZ, IS, MG, RU, US, NL,	EC, JP, MK, SC, UZ, SI,	EE, KE, MN, SD, VC,	EG, KG, MW, SE, VN,	ES, KP, MX, SG, YU,	FI, KR, MZ, SK, ZA,	GB, KZ, NA, SL, ZM,	GD, LC, NI, SY, ZW,
RW:	GA, GN, BW, GH, AZ, BY, EE, ES, SI, SK, SN, TD,	GM, I KG, I FI, I TR, I	KE, KZ, I FR, (LS, MD, GB,	MW, RU, GR,	MZ, TJ, HU,	NA, TM, IE,	SD, AT, IT,	SL, BE, LU,	BG, MC,	CH, NL,	CY, PL,	CZ, PT,	DE, RO,	DK, SE,
US 2007 PRIORITY APP	0185077		A1		2007	0809	1	US 2	007- 003- 004-	1873	25P	1	P 2	0070 0030 0040	715

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:457060 AB Methods are disclosed for treating, preventing, or inhibiting tumor cell metastasis, tumor cell formation, and destroying tumors in a subject, comprising administering to the subject in need of such therapy a therapeutically effective amount of an activated aIIbB3 receptor antagonist and by transplanting affected bone marrow with 63-/marrow or controlling the expression of 63 integrin in vitro or in vivo. The activated αIIbβ3 receptor antagonist is preferably a spiro compound

L13 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:196482 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:385509

TITLE: Discovery of Novel 2,8-Diazaspiro[4,5]decames as Orally Active Glycoprotein IIb-IIIa Antagonists

AUTHOR(S): Mehrotra, Mukund M.; Heath, Julie A.; Smyth, Mark S.; Pandey, Anjali; Rose, Jack W.; Seroogy, Joseph M.; Volkots, Deborah L.; Nannizzi-Alaimo, Lisa; Park, Gary

L.; Lambing, Joseph L.; Hollenbach, Stanley J.;

Scarborough, Robert M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Millennium Pharmaceuticals Inc., South San Francisco, CA, 94080, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2004), 47(8),

2037-2061

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:385509

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:385509

In our efforts to develop orally active GPIIb-IIIa antagonists with improved pharmaceutical properties, we have utilized a novel 2.8-diazaspiro[4.5]decane scaffold as a template. We describe here our investigation of a variety of templates including spiropiperidinyl-ylactams, spiropiperidinylimide, spiropiperidinylureas, and spiropiperidinylhydantoins. With the appropriate acidic and basic pharmacophores in place, each template yielded analogs with potent GPIIb-IIIa inhibitory activity. One of the compds., 59 (CT50787), was also used to demonstrate for the first time the use of a pharmacol. agent which is αIIbβ3 specific to display biol. activity in a lower species such as mouse and to extend bleeding times. Evaluation of the pharmacokinetic properties of selected compds. from each series in rat, dog, and cynomolgus monkey has led to the identification of 22 (CT51464), a double prodrug, with excellent pharmacokinetic properties. It exhibited good pharmacokinetic profile across species (F% = 33 (Cyno), 73 (dog), 22 (rat); $t1/2\beta = 14.2 h$ (Cyno), 8.97 h (dog), 1.81 h (rat)). The biol. active form, 23 (CT50728), displayed inhibition of platelet aggregation in platelet rich plasma (PRP) with an IC50 value of 53 nM in citrate buffer, 110 nM in PPACK anticoagulated PRP, and 4 nM in solid-phase GPIIb-IIIa competition binding assay (ELISA). Both 23 and 22 were stable in human liver microsomes, did not inhibit the P 450 3A4 isoenzyme, and had low protein binding (18.22% for 23) and a desirable log P (0.45±0.06 for 22, and -0.91±0.32 for 23). It is predicted that the high oral bioavailability for these compds. in multiple species should translate into lower intra- and intersubject variability in man. The long plasma half-life of the lead is consistent with once or twice daily administration for chronic therapy. Analog 22 (CT51464) thus appears to be a promising oral GPIIb-IIIa inhibitor with significantly improved pharmacokinetic properties over the previously described clin. candidates and may be found useful in the treatment of arterial occlusive disorders. REFERENCE COUNT: 76 THERE ARE 76 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d his

L1

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:11:20 ON 12 SEP 2008)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:11:43 ON 12 SEP 2008 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L2 0 S L1 L3 0 S L1 SSS FULL L4 0 S L1 SSS FULL L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L6 0 S L2 SSS FULL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:16:58 ON 12 SEP 2008 S L5

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:17:05 ON 12 SEP 2008 0 S L5

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:17:05 ON 12 SEP 2008

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:22:10 ON 12 SEP 2008

19 SCREEN 1006 AND 2076

110 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

111 QUE L10 AND L9

112 3 S L11 SSS FULL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:25:09 ON 12 SEP 2008

13 2 S L12
```

=> d 113 1-2 ibib ab hitstr

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:429524 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:457060

TITLE: Methods using an activated $\alpha IIb\beta 3$ receptor

antagonist for treating, preventing, and inhibiting cancer metastasis and tumor formation

INVENTOR(S): Weilbaecher, Katherine; Bakewell, Suzanne

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Washington Univ., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 81 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

	TENT :				KIN		DATE			APPL						ATE	
WO WO	2005 2005 2005	0449	78 78		A2 A9		2005 2005	0519 1103								0040	
WO	W:	AE, CN, GE, LK, NO, TJ, SZ, GA,	AG, CO, GH, LR, NZ, TM, BE, GN,	AL, CR, GM, LS, OM, TN, CY, GQ,	AM, CU, HR, LT, PG, TR, FR, GW,	AT, CZ, HU, LU, PH, TT, GR,	AU, DE, ID, LV, PL, TZ, IE, MR,	AZ, DK, IL, MA, PT, UA, IT, NE,	DM, IN, MD, RO, UG, MC, SN,	DZ, IS, MG, RU, US, NL, TD,	EC, JP, MK, SC, UZ, SI, TG	EE, KE, MN, SD, VC, BF,	EG, KG, MW, SE, VN, BJ,	ES, KP, MX, SG, YU, CF,	FI, KR, MZ, SK, ZA, CG,	GB, KZ, NA, SL, ZM, CI,	GD, LC, NI, SY, ZW, CM,
US PRIORIT	2007	AZ, EE, SI, SN, 0185	BY, ES, SK, TD,	KG, FI, TR, TG	KZ, FR, BF,	MD, GB, BJ,	RU, GR, CF,	TJ, HU, CG,	TM, IE, CI,	AT, IT, CM,	BE, LU, GA, 007-	BG, MC, GN, 5649	CH, NL, GQ, 45	CY, PL, GW,	CZ, PT, ML,	DE, RO,	DK, SE, NE, 109

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:457060

Methods are disclosed for treating, preventing, or inhibiting tumor cell metastasis, tumor cell formation, and destroying tumors in a subject, comprising administering to the subject in need of such therapy a therapeutically effective amount of an activated $\alpha IIb\beta 3$ receptor antagonist and by transplanting affected bone marrow with $\beta 3-/-$ marrow or controlling the expression of $\beta 3$ integrin in vitro or in vivo. The activated $\alpha IIb\beta 3$ receptor antagonist is preferably a spiro compound

I 685899-12-1, ML 728

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(activated αIIbβ3 receptor antagonist for treating, preventing, and inhibiting cancer metastasis and tumor formation) 685899-12-1 CAPLUS

CN B-Alanine, N-[[2-[4-(aminoiminomethyl)phenyl]-1-oxo-2,8diazaspiro[4.5]dec-8-vl]carbonvl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

NH -NH2

L13 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:196482 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:385509

RN

TITLE: Discovery of Novel 2,8-Diazaspiro[4.5]decanes as Orally Active Glycoprotein IIb-IIIa Antagonists

Mehrotra, Mukund M.; Heath, Julie A.; Smyth, Mark S.; AUTHOR(S): Pandey, Anjali; Rose, Jack W.; Seroogy, Joseph M.; Volkots, Deborah L.; Nannizzi-Alaimo, Lisa; Park, Gary

L.; Lambing, Joseph L.; Hollenbach, Stanley J.;

Scarborough, Robert M.

Millennium Pharmaceuticals Inc., South San Francisco, CORPORATE SOURCE:

CA, 94080, USA

SOURCE . Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2004), 47(8),

2037-2061

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:385509 In our efforts to develop orally active GPIIb-IIIa antagonists with improved pharmaceutical properties, we have utilized a novel 2,8-diazaspiro[4.5]decane scaffold as a template. We describe here our investigation of a variety of templates including spiropiperidinyl-ylactams, spiropiperidinvlimide, spiropiperidinvlureas, and spiropiperidinylhydantoins. With the appropriate acidic and basic pharmacophores in place, each template yielded analogs with potent GPIIb-IIIa inhibitory activity. One of the compds., 59 (CT50787), was also used to demonstrate for the first time the use of a pharmacol. agent which is αIIbβ3 specific to display biol. activity in a lower species such as mouse and to extend bleeding times. Evaluation of the pharmacokinetic properties of selected compds. from each series in rat, dog, and cynomolous monkey has led to the identification of 22 (CT51464), a double prodrug, with excellent pharmacokinetic properties. It exhibited good pharmacokinetic profile across species (F% = 33 (Cyno), 73 (dog), 22 (rat); $t1/2\beta = 14.2 \text{ h}$ (Cyno), 8.97 h (dog), 1.81 h (rat)). The biol. active form, 23 (CT50728), displayed inhibition of platelet aggregation in platelet rich plasma (PRP) with an IC50 value of 53 nM in citrate buffer, 110 nM in PPACK anticoagulated PRP, and 4 nM in solid-phase GPIIb-IIIa competition binding assay (ELISA). Both 23 and 22 were stable in human liver microsomes, did not inhibit the P 450 3A4 isoenzyme, and had low protein binding (18.22% for 23) and a desirable log P (0.45±0.06 for 22, and -0.91±0.32 for 23). It is predicted that the high oral bioavailability for these compds. in multiple species should translate

into lower intra- and intersubject variability in man. The long plasma

half-life of the lead is consistent with once or twice daily administration for chronic therapy. Analog 22 (CT51464) thus appears to be a promising oral GPITD-IIIa inhibitor with significantly improved pharmacokinetic properties over the previously described clin. candidates and may be found useful in the treatment of arterial occlusive disorders. 685899-12-1P, CT 50728

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and structure activity relationships of diazaspirodecanes as glycoprotein IIb-IIIa antagonists)

RN 685899-12-1 CAPLUS

CN β-Alanine, N-[[2-[4-(aminoiminomethyl)phenyl]-1-oxo-2,8-diazaspiro[4.5]dec-8-yl]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 685544-90-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and structure activity relationships of diazaspirodecanes as glycoprotein IIb-IIIa antagonists)

RN 685544-90-5 CAPLUS

CN β-Alanine, N-[[2-[4-(aminoiminomethyl)phenyl]-1,3-dioxo-2,8-diazaspiro[4.5]dec-8-yl]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NH} \\ \text{C-NH}_2 \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-NH-C-N} \\ \end{array}$$

IT 685899-13-2P, CT 51463

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and structure activity relationships of diazaspirodecanes as qlycoprotein IID-IIIa antaqonists)

RN 685899-13-2 CAPLUS

CN β-Alanine, N-[[2-[4-[(hydroxyamino)iminomethyl]phenyl]-1-oxo-2,8-diazaspiro[4.5]dec-8-yl]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 76 THERE ARE 76 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> FIL STNGUIDE COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL. ENTRY SESSION FILL ESTIMATED COST 18.64 741.67 SINCE FILE DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) TOTAL ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -3.20-3.20

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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Sep 5, 2008 (20080905/UP).

=> => file caplus COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 1.56 743.23 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR OUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE 0.00 -3.20

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http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html
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=> s integrins

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE .

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L14
        36123 INTEGRINS
=> s 114 and inhibitors
        583578 INHIBITORS
L15
          5292 L14 AND INHIBITORS
=> s 115 and beta-3
       1557088 BETA
           239 BETAS
       1557159 BETA
                 (BETA OR BETAS)
       7372206 3
         29967 BETA-3
                 (BETA(W)3)
1.16
          2727 L15 AND BETA-3
=> s 116 and alpha-IIb
       1792860 ALPHA
           469 ALPHAS
       1792962 ALPHA
                 (ALPHA OR ALPHAS)
         28443 IIB
             5 IIBS
         28448 IIB
                 (IIB OR IIBS)
          5490 ALPHA-IIB
                 (ALPHA(W)IIB)
          1901 L16 AND ALPHA-IIB
=> S L17 AND PY<=2003
      24009633 PY<=2003
L18
          1264 L17 AND PY<=2003
=> s L18 and spiro
         26150 SPIRO
            20 SPIROS
         26167 SPIRO
                 (SPIRO OR SPIROS)
L19
             4 L18 AND SPIRO
=> d I.19 1-4 ibib ab
L19 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2002:211241 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         137:201219
TITLE:
                         Spirocyclic nonpeptide glycoprotein IIb-IIIa
                         antagonists. Part 3: synthesis and SAR of potent and
                         specific 2,8-diazaspiro[4.5]decanes
AUTHOR(S):
                         Mehrotra, Mukund M.; Heath, Julie A.; Rose, Jack W.;
                         Smyth, Mark S.; Seroogy, Joseph; Volkots, Deborah L.;
                         Ruhter, Gerd; Schotten, Theo; Alaimo, Lisa; Park,
                         Gary; Pandey, Anjali; Scarborough, Robert M.
```

Departments of Medicinal Chemistry and Biology, COR Therapeutics Inc., South San Francisco, CA, 94080, USA

Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2002

), 12(7), 1103-1107

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:201219

Pyridinyl substituted 2,8-diazaspiro[4.5]decanes, e.q. I (X, Y = CH, N; n = 0-2; R = HOCOCH2, HOCOCH2O, etc.) and II (Z = 0, H2), were synthesized and showed a specific biol. activity as glycoprotein IIb-IIIa antagonists. The potent activity of these diazaspirodecanes as platelet aggregation

inhibitors demonstrated the utility of the spiro

structures as central templates for nonpeptide RGD (arginine-glycineaspartic acid) mimics. However, the most potent inhibitor I (X = N, Y = CH, n = 1, R = HOCOCH2CO) showed only marginal oral bioavailability.

REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:923795 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:53749

TITLE: Preparation of heteroarvlalkanoic acids as integrin

receptor antagonists

INVENTOR(S): Nagarajan, Scrinivasan Raj; Khanna, Ish Kumar; Tollefson, Michael B.; Mohler, Scott B.; Chen, Barbara; Russell, Mark; Devadas, Balekudru; Penning, Thomas D.; Schretzman, Lori A.; Spangler, Dale P.;

Boys, Mark Laurence; Chandrakumar, Nizal Samuel; Lu, Hwang-Fun

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pharmacia Corporation, USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 368 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:53749

LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3 PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.					-	DATE				ICAT				D	ATE		
	2001	0963	34		A2			1220 0912							2	0010	615	<
	W:	HR,	CR, HU,	CU, ID,	CZ,	DE, IN,	DK, IS,	DM, JP,	DZ, KE,	EE, KG,	ES, KP,	FI, KR,	GB, KZ,	GD, LC,	GE, LK,	GH, LR,	GM, LS,	
		RU,		SE,	SG,			MK, SL,										
	RW:		DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	SD, GR, GN,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,			
US	2002 6933 1289	0133 304	023		A1 B2		2002 2005			US 2	001-	8819	13		2			
		AT, IE,	BE, SI,	CH,	DE, LV,	DK, FI,	ES, RO,	FR, MK,	GB, CY,	GR, AL,	IT, TR	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
US	2004 7119	0092 098	497		A1		2004			US 2		3113	85		2	0030	905	
FKIUKII	1 APP	THIN .	TIME	• •						US 2	000-: 000-: 001-!	2117	82P	1	P 2	0000	615	

AB Title compds. A1Z2Z1AXYY5(Y3)(Y4)CH2CORb [I; wherein ring A = (un) substituted 4-8 membered monocyclic or 7-12 membered bicyclic ring containing 1-4 heteroatoms, selected from O, N, or S; A1 = (un)substituted 5-9 membered monocyclic or 7-14 membered polycyclic heterocycle containing at least 1 N and optionally 1-4 heteroatoms or groups selected from O, N, S, SO2, or CO; Z1 = CH2, O, CH2O, NH, CO, S, SO, CH(OH), and SO2; Z2 = (un) substituted 1-5 C linker optionally containing 1 or more heteroatoms selected from O, S, and N; Z1Z2 may contain a carboxamide, sulfone, sulfonamide, alkenvl, alkvnvl, acvl, or (un)substituted 5- or 6-membered (hetero)aryl; X = CHRe, NRf, O, S, SO2, or CO; Re = H, (cyclo)alkyl, alkoxy(alkyl), OH, alkynyl, alkenyl, haloalkyl, thioalkyl, or aryl; Rf = H, (halo)alkyl, aryl, or benzyl; Y = (CH2)p, CHRq, NRq, CO, or SO2; Rq = H, (halo)alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkynyl, (hetero)aryl, OH, alkoxy, or carboxyalkyl; p = 0-1; XY may contain acyl, alkyl, sulfonyl, amino, (thio)ether, carboxamido, sulfonamido, aminosulfonyl, or olefin; Y3 and Y4 = independently H, (halo)alkyl, halo, (hetero)aryl, hydroxyalkyl, alkynyl, etc.; Rb = X2Rh; X2 = O, S, or NRj; Rh and Rj = independently H, (ar) alkyl, acyl, or alkoxyalkyl; with provisos] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepared for selectively antagonizing the av. beta.3 and/or the avB5 integrin without significantly antagonizing the fibrinogen IIb/IIIa integrin. For example, 3-(hydroxymethyl)benzonitrile was protected with 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyran (89%) and treated with HONH2. HCl to give the benzenecarboximidamide (98%). Cyclization with 3-methylglutaric anhydride in the presence of MeI (64%) and deprotection (98%) gave the Me 1,2,4-oxadiazolebutanoate (64%). Oxidation to the aldehyde, followed by reductive addition of 2-aminopyridine

and

AUTHOR(S):

SOURCE:

workup, afforded the oxadiazolebutanoic acid (II). In vitronectin adhesion assays, I antagonized the av. beta.3 integrin and the $\alpha v\beta 5$ integrin with IC50 values of 0.1 nM to 100 μM and < 50 μM , resp. I are useful for the treatment of tumor metastasis, solid tumor growth, angiogenesis, osteoporosis, humoral hypercalcemia of malignancy, smooth muscle cell migration, restenosis, atherosclerosis, macular degeneration, retinopathy, and arthritis (no data).

L19 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:330828 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:152706

TITLE: Spirocyclic non-peptide glycoprotein IIb-IIIa antagonists. Part 2: design of potent antagonists

containing the 3-azaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl template Pandey, A.; Seroogy, J.; Volkots, D.; Smyth, M. S.; Rose, J.; Mehrotra, M. M.; Heath, J.; Ruhter, G.;

Schotten, T.; Scarborough, R. M.

Department of Medicinal Chemistry and Biology, COR CORPORATE SOURCE: Therapeutics, Inc., South San Francisco, CA, 94080,

USA

Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2001

), 11(10), 1293-1296

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd. DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

CASREACT 135:152706 OTHER SOURCE(S):

The synthesis and biol. activity of novel glycoprotein IIb-IIIa antagonists containing 3-azaspiro[5.5]undec-9-yl nucleus, e.g. I (R = H, PhCH2OCO, MeC6H4SO2, BuSO2, BuOCO, etc.), were described. The potent activity of these compds. as platelet aggregation inhibitors demonstrated the utility of the monoazaspirocyclic structure as central template for non-peptide RGD mimics.

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:398915 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:137093

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 125:25553a,25556a

TITLE: Non-Peptide glycoprotein IIb/IIIa inhibitors
. 9. Centrally constrained alpha-sulfonamides are

. 7. Cellifariy Collistrating Collistrating alpha-sutionalizes are useful tools for exploring platelet receptor function AUTHOR(S): Egbertson, M. S.; Bednar, B.; Bednar, R. A.; Hartman, G. D.; Gould, R. J.; Lynch, R. J.; Vassallo, L. M.;

Young, S. D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dept. Medicinal Chem., Merck Res. Laboratories, West

Point, PA, 19486, USA

SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (1996

), 6(12), 1415-1420

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

AB Two fluorescent, centrally constrained fibrinogen receptor antagonists were prepared to probe ligand receptor interactions. The use of these centrally constrained fibrinogen receptor antagonists to characterize the binding affinity of nonfluorescent antagonists to inactive isolated GPII/IIIa and GPIID/IIIa on platelets is described.

=> FIL STNGUIDE

TOTAL. COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE SESSION ENTRY FULL ESTIMATED COST 30.04 773.27 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR OUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL SESSION ENTRY CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -3.20-6.40

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:11:20 ON 12 SEP 2008)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:11:43 ON 12 SEP 2008

1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L2 0 S L1

L3 0 S L1 SSS FULL L4 0 S L1 SSS FULL

L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L6 0 S L2 SSS FULL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:16:58 ON 12 SEP 2008 S L5

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:17:05 ON 12 SEP 2008

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L7
             0 S L5
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1.8
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L9
L10
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L11
                OUE L10 AND L9
L12
              3 S L11 SSS FULL
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L13
             2 S L12
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         36123 S INTEGRINS
L14
L15
          5292 S L14 AND INHIBITORS
L16
           2727 S L15 AND BETA-3
L17
           1901 S L16 AND ALPHA-IIB
          1264 S L17 AND PY<=2003
L18
L19
             4 S L18 AND SPIRO
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=> L18 and "integrin receptor"
L18 IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
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The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system. For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s L18 and "integrin receptor" '2003' NOT A VALID FIELD CODE 0 INTEGRINS 0 INHIBITORS 0 BETA 182 3 0 BETA-3 (BETA(W)3) 0 ALPHA 0 IIB 0 ALPHA-IIB (ALPHA(W)IIB) 0 PY<=2003 O "INTEGRIN" 0 "RECEPTOR" 0 "INTEGRIN RECEPTOR" ("INTEGRIN" (W) "RECEPTOR") L20 0 L18 AND "INTEGRIN RECEPTOR"

=> file caplus COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 2.94 776.21 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL SESSION ENTRY CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE 0.00 -6.40

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:14:04 ON 12 SEP 2008

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 12 Sep 2008 VOL 149 ISS 12
FILE LAST UPDATED: 11 Sep 2008 (20080911/ED)
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Effective October 17, 2005, revised CAS Information Use Policies apply. They are available for your review at:

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=> s L18 and "integrin receptor"
         27008 "INTEGRIN"
         36123 "INTEGRINS"
         42406 "INTEGRIN"
                 ("INTEGRIN" OR "INTEGRINS")
        769708 "RECEPTOR"
        708570 "RECEPTORS"
        920558 "RECEPTOR"
                 ("RECEPTOR" OR "RECEPTORS")
          2513 "INTEGRIN RECEPTOR"
                 ("INTEGRIN"(W) "RECEPTOR")
            46 L18 AND "INTEGRIN RECEPTOR"
=> s 121 and beta-3
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           239 BETAS
       1557159 BETA
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       7372206 3
         29967 BETA-3
                 (BETA(W)3)
L22
            46 L21 AND BETA-3
=> s L22 and bone
        234312 BONE
         24682 BONES
        241235 BONE
                 (BONE OR BONES)
L23
             5 L22 AND BONE
=> d L23 1-5 ibib ab
L23 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
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ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:282116 CAPLUS

138:304291

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

New benzoxazine derivatives useful as αv .

beta.3 integrin

receptor antagonists

INVENTOR(S): Vianello, Paola; Bandiera, Tiziano; Varasi, Mario

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pharmacia & Upjohn, S.P.A., Italy SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 37 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE US 20030069236 A1 20030410 US 2001-924732 20010808 <--US 6794385 B2 20040921 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2001-924732 20010808

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:304291

The invention relates to a class of compds. I, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, or esters thereof [wherein: G = Q'NHCONH-, certain cyclic amidines and quanidines, such as pyridin-2-vlamino or imidazolin-2-vlamino, optionally substituted by C1-4-alkvl; O = NH or O; O' = H, C1-6 alkvl, Ph, or phenyl-C1-4-alkvl; B = C1-4 alkvl or C2-4 alkenyl; A = CH2, O, S(O)O-2, NH, CONH, CON(Me), NHCO, N(Me)CO; R1 = H, C1-4 alkyl, C1-4 alkoxy, OH, halo, or CF3; X = bond, CO; R2 = H, C1-4 alkyl, C3-7 cycloalkyl, C1-4-alkylcycloalkyl; aryl (substituted by 0-3 of: halo, CF3, C1-4 alkyl, OH and C1-4 alkoxy), aralkyl, and C5-7 monocyclic heteroaryl with 1-3 N/O/S atoms (substituted by 0-3 of: halo, CF3, C1-4 alkyl, OH, and C1-4 alkoxy); Y = (CH2)1-2; R = H, C1-6 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, C2-4 alkynyl, aryl, or aryl-C1-4 alkyl; provided that X ≠ bond when G = H2NCONH-]. The invention also relates to pharmaceutical compns. comprising I, and to methods of selectively inhibiting or antagonizing av. beta.3 integrin using I. The compds. can be used for treatment of a variety of medical conditions, including cancer, and can be used or formulated in combination with other classes of antitumor agents. Approx. 50 compds. are specifically claimed, and synthetic details are given for 6 of them. For example, cyclocondensation of 4-nitro-2-aminophenol with Me 4-bromocrotonate using NaHCO3 in MeOH gave 91% Me (6-nitro-3, 4-dihydro-2H-1, 4-benzoxazin-2vl)acetate. This compound underwent a sequence of: (1) N-phenylation using 1.4-cvclohexanedione and p-MeC6H4SO3H (25%), (2) hydrogenation of nitro to amino (56%), (3) amidation of amino with N-(benzyloxycarbonyl)-N-(1-oxido-2-pyridinyl)-β-alanine (76%), (4) reduction of the N-oxide using SnC12 and TiCl4 (99%), (5) reductive removal of benzyloxycarbonyl (79.5%), and (6) saponification of the Me ester with aqueous NaOH in EtOH (35%), to give

title compound II [m = 1].. Three standard formulations of the similarly prepared

= 2] are described. I [m = 2] bound to human av. beta. 3 receptor in vitro with an IC50 of 0.024 μM , and to human .

alpha.IIb.beta.3 receptor with an

IC50 of 27 µM, thus giving a high selectivity ratio of approx. 1000 for αv. beta.3.

L23 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:793620 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:294975

TITLE: Preparation of quinazolinepropanoic acids and related compounds for the treatment of integrin-mediated

disorders INVENTOR(S): Hoekstra, William J.; Lawson, Edward C.; Costanzo, Michael J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ortho-McNeil Pharmaceutical, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. A1 20021017 W0 2002-US10596 20020405 <--WO 2002081467 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG AU 2002307114 A1 20021021 AU 2002-307114 20020405 <--20030724 US 2002-117542 20020405 <--US 20030139398 A1 B2 US 7081460 20060725 EP 1389205 A1 20040218 EP 2002-763938 20020405 EP 1389205 1389205 B1 20051221 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR JP 2004529918 T 20040930 JP 2002-579455 20020405 JP 2002-579455 20020405 US 2001-282648P P 20010409 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

WO 2002-US10596

W 20020405

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:294975

The invention is directed to novel quinazoline and quinazoline-like derivs. (shown as I (e.g. 6-[(1E)-3-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl)amino]-1-propeny1]-(α S)-3,4-dihydro-4-oxo- α -[[(2,3,4,5,6pentamethylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-2-quinazolinepropanoic acid (shown as II)); and pharmaceutically acceptable racemates, enantiomers, diastereomers and salts thereof), their usefulness as integrin antagonists and methods for the treatment of integrin-mediated disorders. In I, A is carbonyl, amino, carbamoyl, acetamido, acetimido, amidino, iminomethylamino, ureido, biureto, biurea, thioureido, quanidino, biguanido, biguanidino, amidrazone, hydrazo, carbazoyl, semicarbazido, cycloalkylene, heterocyclene, arylene and heteroarylene. (B) is optionally present and is NH, O and C(O); M is C1-C6 alkylene, C2-6 alkenylene, C2-C6 alkynylene and arylene. R3 is 1-2 substituents independently H, C1-C8 alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclo, aryl, aryl(C1-C8)alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl(C1-C8)alkyl, amino, C1-C8 alkylamino, di(C1-C8) alkylamino, imino, iminomethyl, amidino, C1-C8 alkylamidino, di(C1-C8)alkylamidino, cycloalkylamidino, halogen and hydroxy. (L) is optionally present and is NH, O, S and C(O); Y is two substituents joined to the ring by single-bonds and one substituent joined to the ring by a double-bond. X is N, NH, O and S; R1 is optionally present and is H, C1-C8 alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl(C1-C6)alkyl, aryl, aryl(C1-C6)alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl(C1-C6)alkyl, arylamino and heteroarylamino; E is C1-C4 alkyl substituted with W and W'; F is C1-C4 alkyl substituted with U and U'. W, W', U and U' are independently H, C1-C8 alkyl, C2-C8 alkenyl, C2-C8 alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl(C1-C4)alkyl, heterocyclo, heterocyclo(C1-C4)alkyl, aryl, aryl(C1-C4)alkyl, biaryl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl(C1-C4)alkyl, -N[(R4),T(R5)] and halogen. R4 is H and C1-C8 alkyl; T is arylene, carbonyl, carboxy, sulfonyl and -C(O)NH-. R5 is H, C1-C8 alkyl, C2-C8

alkenyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclo, aryl, aryl(C1-C4)alkyl, ary1(C2-C4)alkenyl, biaryl, biary1(C1-C4)alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl(C1-C4)alkyl and amino. R6 is H, C1-C8 alkyl and (CH2)1-8CON(R7)2; and, R7 is H, C1-C8 alkyl and cycloalkyl. Although the methods of preparation are not claimed, 18 example prepns. are included and 82 specific compds. are claimed. I block vitronectin by binding to isolated αv. beta.3 (demonstrating IC50 values of from .apprx.1 to .apprx.300 nM) and inhibit fibrinogen by binding to isolated GPIIb/IIIa as well. I inhibit integrin-mediated cell-cell or cell-matrix adhesion and, therefore, may be useful in treating integrin mediated disorders including, but not limited to, restenosis, thrombosis, inflammation, atherosclerosis, arthritis, angiogenesis, osteoporosis, bone resorption, tumor cell metastasis, tumor growth, macular degeneration, diabetic retinopathy, and diseases of the lung/airway. REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L23 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:851117 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:371645

TITLE: Propanoic acid derivatives with acyclic and heterocyclic amidine and quanidine moieties, as

αv. beta.3 integrin

receptor antagonists, useful for inhibition of neoplasms, bone resorption, etc.

INVENTOR(S): Bandiera, Tiziano; Vianello, Paola; Cozzi, Paolo;

Galvani, Arturo
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pharmacia & Upjohn S.p.A., Italy

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 155 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.					KIN	D	DATE				LICAT					ATE		
	WO	2001	0878	40		A1	-	2001	1122								0010	419	<
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	
			HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	
			LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	
			RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	
			VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW													
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	
			DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,	
			BJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG			
	EP	1282	602			A1		2003	0212		EP 2	2001-	9362	53		2	0010	419	<
	EP	1282	602			B1		2005	0921										
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
			IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR							
	JP	2003	5335	11		T		2003	1111		JP 2	2001-	5842	36		2	0010	419	<
	AT	3050	01			T		2005	1015		AT 2	2001-	9362	53		2	0010	419	
	ES	2248	333			Т3		2006	0316		ES 2	2001-	9362	53		2	0010	419	
	US	2003	0144	311		A1		2003	0731		US 2	2002-	2585	84		2	0021	101	<
	US	6974	828			B2		2005	1213										
PRIOR	RIT	APP:	LN.	INFO	. :						GB 2	-000	1181	7		A 2	0000	516	
												2001-				W 2	0010	419	
OTHER	R S(TIRCE	(S) ·			MARI	РΔТ	135 -	3716	45									

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 135:371645

AB Novel propanoic acid derivs. are integrin receptor antagonists or inhibitors, in particular of the αν.

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beta.3 integrin receptor. The
     compds. are non-peptides of formula I and their pharmaceutically
     acceptable salts [wherein: G = Q'NHC(:Q)NH- or heterocyclic amidines and
     guanidines G1-G4; Q = NH or O; Q' = H, C1-6 alk, Ph, phenyl-C1-4-alkyl; X
     = bond, CH2CONH, (CH2)m, (CH2)mX'; X' = 0, S, NH; m = 1-4; B = CONH,
     CH2CONH, C2-4 alkylene or alkenylene, (CH2)mX'; A = Ph or pyridyl
     (un) substituted by 1-3 of halo, CF3, C1-4 alkyl, OH, and/or C1-4 alkoxy; Y
     = 0, S, S(0), S(0)2; R = C1-6 alkyl, Ph or C5-7 monoheterocyclyl with 1-3
     N/O/S atom(s) and (un)substituted by 1-3 of halo, CF3, C1-4 alkyl, OH,
     and/or C1-4 alkoxy; R' = H, C1-6 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl or alkynyl, aryl,
     aryl-C1-4-alkyl]. The compds. are, for instance, useful for: the
     treatment of solid tumors by inhibition of angiogenic growth of tumor
     vessel network, thus promoting tumor regression; inhibition of metastatic
     spread, thus avoiding cancer metastases; inhibition of bone
     resorption, thus controlling osteoporosis; inhibition of smooth muscle
     cells migration into neointima, thus blocking restenosis after
     percutaneous coronary angioplasty; and the treatment of other pathol.
     conditions mediated by cell adhesion, cell migration or angiogenesis, such
     e.q. diabetic retinopathy, rheumatoid arthritis and inflammation. Over
     380 specific compds. are claimed. For instance, the pyridine derivative
     II.2CF3CO2H (PNU 277362F) was prepared by a generalized multi-step synthetic
     route. When tested in av. beta.3-vitronectin and
     .alpha.IIb.beta.3-fibrinogen
     binding assays, this compound had IC50 values of 0.016 ±0.009 and 9.8
     ±4.8 μM, resp., showing highly selective αv. beta.
     3-inhibiting activity.
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L23 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2000:571738 CAPLUS
                        133:275850
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
                        Nonpeptide av. beta.3
                        Antagonists. 1. Transformation of a Potent,
                         Integrin-Selective .alpha.IIb.
                        beta.3 Antagonist into a Potent
                        αv. beta.3 Antagonist
AUTHOR(S):
                         Duggan, Mark E.; Duong, Le T.; Fisher, John E.;
                         Hamill, Terence G.; Hoffman, William F.; Huff, Joel
                         R.; Ihle, Nathan C.; Leu, Chih-Tai; Nagy, Rose M.;
                        Perkins, James J.; Rodan, Sevgi B.; Wesolowski, Gregg;
                        Whitman, David B.; Zartman, Amy E.; Rodan, Gideon A.;
                        Hartman, George D.
                        Departments of Medicinal Chemistry Bone Biology and
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                        Osteoporosis Research and Pharmacology, Merck Research
                         Laboratories, West Point, PA, 19486, USA
                        Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2000),
SOURCE:
                        43(20), 3736-3745
                        CODEN: JMCMAR: ISSN: 0022-2623
                        American Chemical Society
PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Journal
LANGUAGE:
                        English
    Modification of the potent fibringen receptor (.alpha.
     IIb.beta.3) antagonist (I) generated compds.
     with high affinity for the vitronectin receptor av. beta.
    3. Sequential modification of the basic N-terminus of I led to
     the identification of the 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro[1,8]naphthyridine moiety
     (THN) as a lipophilic, moderately basic N-terminus that provides mols.
    with excellent potency and selectivity for the integrin
    receptor αv. beta.3. The THN-containing
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analog is a potent inhibitor of bone resorption in vitro and in

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vivo. In addition, the identification of a novel, nonpeptide radioligand with high affinity to \alpha v. beta.3 is also
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reported.

REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L23 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:28654 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:106424

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 128:106424

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 128:20/

TITLE: Iontophoretic delivery of integrin inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Hussain, Munir A.; Repta, Arnold J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Du Pont Merck Pharmaceutical Co., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 128 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.						DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION :	NO.		D.	ATE		
WO	9748	395			A1		1997	1224		wo 1	997-1	US10	505		1	9970	618	<
	W:	AM,	AU,	AZ,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CN,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	IL,	JP,	KG,	KR,	KZ,	LT,	
		LV,	MD,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	RO,	RU,	SG,	SI,	SK,	TJ,	TM,	UA,	VN,	YU,	
	AM, AZ, BY,			BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM								
	RW:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE
AU	9736	409			A		1998	0107		AU 1	997-	3640	9		1	9970	618	<
US	6185	453			B1		2001	0206		US 1	997-	8778	29		1	9970	618	<
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :						US 1	996-	2027	7P	1	P 1	9960	619	
										WO 1	997-1	US10	505	1	W 1	9970	618	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:106424

Other Source(s): Markal 12:10424

B This invention relates to novel methods and devices for iontophoretically administering therapeutic doses of integrin receptor antagonists in a controlled manner through the skin. Such integrin receptor antagonists include but are not limited to antagonists of the ITb/III and g(a)wg(b)3 integrins and related cell surface adhesive protein receptors. The present invention includes iontophoretic delivery devices comprising integrin inhibitors. Such methods and devices are useful, alone or in combination with other therapeutic agents, for the treatment of thromboembolic disorders, angiogenic disorders, inflammation, bone degradation, cancer metastasis, diabetic retinopathy, restenosis, macular degeneration, and other conditions mediated by cell adhesion and/or cell

migration and/or angiogenesis. The iontophoretic delivery of a (4-formamidinophenyl) isoxazolinylacetyldiaminopropionic acid derivative throuch porcine skin was demonstrated.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:11:20 ON 12 SEP 2008)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:11:43 ON 12 SEP 2008

L2 0 S L1 L3 0 S L1 SSS FULL

L4 0 S L1 SSS FULL L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L6 0 S L2 SSS FULL

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    FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:17:05 ON 12 SEP 2008
L8
             0 S L7
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:22:10 ON 12 SEP 2008
L9
               SCREEN 1006 AND 2076
L10
               STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L11
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L12
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T.13
             2 S L12
    FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:27:23 ON 12 SEP 2008
    FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:43:05 ON 12 SEP 2008
L14
         36123 S INTEGRINS
L15
          5292 S L14 AND INHIBITORS
L16
          2727 S L15 AND BETA-3
          1901 S L16 AND ALPHA-IIB
1.18
          1264 S L17 AND PY<=2003
T.19
             4 S L18 AND SPIRO
    FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:44:50 ON 12 SEP 2008
L20
             0 S L18 AND "INTEGRIN RECEPTOR"
    FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:14:04 ON 12 SEP 2008
L21
            46 S L18 AND "INTEGRIN RECEPTOR"
L22
             46 S L21 AND BETA-3
L23
             5 S L22 AND BONE
=> s L22 and "tumor cell"
        466089 "TUMOR"
        173228 "TUMORS"
        519321 "TUMOR"
                ("TUMOR" OR "TUMORS")
       2452037 "CELL"
       2113147 "CELLS"
      3204889 "CELL"
                 ("CELL" OR "CELLS")
        104872 "TUMOR CELL"
                 ("TUMOR"(W) "CELL")
L24
             2 L22 AND "TUMOR CELL"
=> d L24 1-2 ibib ab
L24 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2004:240410 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         140:264483
TITLE:
                         Cloning and characterization of contortrostatin (CN),
                        a snake venom disintegrin, and methods for its use in
                        preventing metastasis and other conditions
INVENTOR(S):
                        Markland, Francis S., Jr.; Zhou, Qing
```

abandoned.

University of Southern California, USA

U.S., 56 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 163,047,

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.						DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION	NO.			DATE		
US	67100				В1		2004	0323		US 1	999-	4602	95			19991	210	
US	57312	88			A		1998	0324		US 1	996-	6326	91			19960	415	<
US	58146	09			70.		1998	0929		US 1	996-	7456	03			19961	108	<
CA	23934				A1		2001	0614		CA 2	000-	2393	463			20001	209	<
	20010		91		A1		2001	0614		WO 2	000-	US33:	367			20001	209	<
	20010				A9		2002											
				AL.						BB.	BG.	BR.	BY.	BZ.	CA	CH,	CN.	
																, GM,		
																LS,		
																, RO,		
																, VN,		
		ZA,																
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE	, CH,	CY,	
																, TR,		
		BJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG			
EP	12355	86			A1		2002	0904		EP 2	000-	9840	92			20001	209	<
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE	, MC,	PT,	
							RO,											
BR	20000	164	88		A		2003	0624		BR 2	000-	1648	8			20001	209	<
JP	20045	003	57		T		2004	0108		JP 2	001-	5431	35			20001	209	
MX	2002F	A05	800		Α		2003	1014		MX 2	002-	PA58	00			20020	610	<
US	20040	132	659		A1		2004	0708		US 2	003-	7125	84			20031	112	
	72207				B2		2007											
US	20070	123	458		A1		2007	0531								20061		
PRIORIT	Y APPL	Ν.	INFO	. :						US 1	993-	1413	21		B1	19931	022	
										US 1	995-	5404	23		В3	19951	010	
										US 1	996-	6326	91		A2	19960	415	
										US 1	996-	7456	03		A2	19961	108	
											998-				B2	19980	929	
											999-					19991		
																20000		
																20001		
																20030		
										US 2	003-	7125	84		A3	20031	112	
AD Th	a amin		oda .			o f	nati								4 0	2010	nina	

The amino acid sequence of native contortrostatin was used in a cloning strategy to obtain full-length cDNA and deduced amino acid sequences for a contortrostatin precursor. The precursor includes pro-protein, metalloproteinase, and disintegrin (contortrostatin) regions of the multidomain protein. The sequences can be used produce recombinant DNA mols. which code on expression for contortrostatin proteins, including biol. active variants and fragments. When formulated as a pharmaceutically acceptable composition, the proteins can be used to treat patients by inhibiting disease processes associated with an integrin binding to an integrin receptor. 10

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L24 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:793620 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:294975 TITLE:

Preparation of quinazolinepropanoic acids and related compounds for the treatment of integrin-mediated disorders

INVENTOR(S): Hoekstra, William J.; Lawson, Edward C.; Costanzo, Michael J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ortho-McNeil Pharmaceutical, Inc., USA SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Pat.ent. LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

	TENT				KIN		DATE						NO.		D.	ATE	
WO	2002	0814	67		A1										2	0020	405 <
	W:	AE.	AG.	AL.	AM.	AT.	AU,	AZ.	BA.	BB.	BG.	BR.	BY.	BZ.	CA,	CH.	CN.
							DK,										
		GM.	HR.	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS.	JP,	KE.	KG.	KP.	KR.	KZ.	LC,	LK,	LR,
							MD,										
							SE.										
		UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM.	ZW								
	RW:	GH.	GM.	KE.	LS.	MW.	MZ,	SD.	SL,	SZ.	TZ.	UG,	ZM.	ZW.	AT,	BE.	CH,
							FR.										
		BF.	BJ.	CF.	CG.	CI,	CM.	GA,	GN,	GO,	GW.	ML.	MR.	NE.	SN.	TD,	TG
AU	2002	3071	14		A1		2002	1021	٠.	AU 2	002-	3071	14		2	0020	405 <
US	2003	0139	398		A1		2003	0724		US 2	002-	1175	42		2	0020	405 <
US	7081	460			B2		2006	0725									
EP	1389	205			A1		2004	0218		EP 2	002-	7639	38		2	0020	405
EP	1389	205			B1		2005	1221									
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR						
JP	2004	5299	18		T		2004	0930		JP 2	002-	5794	55		2	0020	405
PRIORIT:	ORITY APPLN. INFO.:									US 2	001-	2826	48P	1	P 2	0010	409
										NO 2	002-1	US10	596	1	W 2	0020	405
OTHER SO	שיספוזר	181 .			MADI	TAG	137.	29/19	75								

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:294975

The invention is directed to novel quinazoline and quinazoline-like derivs. (shown as I (e.g. 6-[(1E)-3-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl)amino]-1-propenyl]-(α S)-3,4-dihydro-4-oxo- α -[[(2,3,4,5,6pentamethylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-2-quinazolinepropanoic acid (shown as II)); and pharmaceutically acceptable racemates, enantiomers, diastereomers and salts thereof), their usefulness as integrin antagonists and methods for the treatment of integrin-mediated disorders. In I, A is carbonvl, amino, carbamovl, acetamido, acetimido, amidino, iminomethylamino, ureido, biureto, biurea, thioureido, guanidino, biguanido, biguanidino, amidrazone, hydrazo, carbazoyl, semicarbazido, cycloalkylene, heterocyclene, arylene and heteroarylene. (B) is optionally present and is NH, O and C(O); M is C1-C6 alkylene, C2-6 alkenylene, C2-C6 alkynylene and arylene. R3 is 1-2 substituents independently H, C1-C8 alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclo, aryl, aryl(C1-C8)alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl(C1-C8)alkyl, amino, C1-C8 alkylamino, di(C1-C8) alkylamino, imino, iminomethyl, amidino, C1-C8 alkylamidino, di (C1-C8) alkylamidino, cycloalkylamidino, halogen and hydroxy. (L) is optionally present and is NH, O, S and C(O); Y is two substituents joined to the ring by single-bonds and one substituent joined to the ring by a double-bond. X is N, NH, O and S; R1 is optionally present and is H, C1-C8 alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl(C1-C6)alkyl, aryl, aryl(C1-C6)alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl(C1-C6)alkyl, arylamino and heteroarylamino; E is C1-C4 alkyl substituted with W and W'; F is C1-C4 alkyl substituted with U and U'. W, W', U and U' are independently H, C1-C8 alky1, C2-C8 alkeny1, C2-C8 alkyny1, cycloalky1, cycloalkyl(C1-C4)alkyl, heterocyclo, heterocyclo(C1-C4)alkyl, aryl, aryl(C1-C4)alkyl, biaryl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl(C1-C4)alkyl, -N[(R4),T(R5)] and halogen. R4 is H and C1-C8 alkyl; T is arylene,

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carbonyl, carboxy, sulfonyl and -C(O)NH-. R5 is H, C1-C8 alkyl, C2-C8
     alkenyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclo, aryl, aryl(C1-C4)alkyl,
     aryl(C2-C4)alkenyl, biaryl, biaryl(C1-C4)alkyl, heteroaryl,
     heteroaryl(C1-C4)alkyl and amino. R6 is H, C1-C8 alkyl and
    (CH2)1-8CON(R7)2; and, R7 is H, C1-C8 alkyl and cycloalkyl. Although the
     methods of preparation are not claimed, 18 example prepns. are included and 82
    specific compds. are claimed. I block vitronectin by binding to isolated
     αv. beta.3 (demonstrating IC50 values of from
     .apprx.1 to .apprx.300 nM) and inhibit fibringen by binding to isolated
     GPIIb/IIIa as well. I inhibit integrin-mediated cell-cell or cell-matrix
     adhesion and, therefore, may be useful in treating integrin mediated
     disorders including, but not limited to, restenosis, thrombosis,
     inflammation, atherosclerosis, arthritis, angiogenesis, osteoporosis, bone
     resorption, tumor cell metastasis, tumor growth,
     macular degeneration, diabetic retinopathy, and diseases of the
     lung/airway.
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
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               STRUCTURE UPLOADED
              0 S L2 SSS FULL
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     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:17:05 ON 12 SEP 2008
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              2 S L12
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     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:43:05 ON 12 SEP 2008
          36123 S INTEGRINS
           5292 S L14 AND INHIBITORS
           2727 S L15 AND BETA-3
           1901 S L16 AND ALPHA-IIB
           1264 S L17 AND PY<=2003
              4 S L18 AND SPIRO
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L3

L4

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1.8

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L10

1.12

L13

L14 L15

L16

L17

T-18

1.19

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FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:14:04 ON 12 SEP 2008 L21 46 S L18 AND "INTEGRIN RECEPTOR"

L21 46 S L18 AND "INTEGRIN L22 46 S L21 AND BETA-3

L22 46 S L21 AND BETA-L23 5 S L22 AND BONE

L24 2 S L22 AND "TUMOR CELL"

=> s L18 and fibrinogen

33345 FIBRINOGEN 19802 FIBRINOGENS

36894 FIBRINOGEN

(FIBRINOGEN OR FIBRINOGENS)

L25 367 L18 AND FIBRINOGEN

=> s L25 and bobe

1 BOBE

L26 0 L25 AND BOBE

=> s L25 and bone

234312 BONE 24682 BONES 241235 BONE

(BONE OR BONES)

L27 6 L25 AND BONE

=> d L27 1-6 ibib ab

L27 ANSWER 1 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:282116 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:304291

TITLE: New benzoxazine derivatives useful as αν.

beta.3 integrin receptor antagonists

INVENTOR(S): Vianello, Paola; Bandiera, Tiziano; Varasi, Mario PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pharmacia & Upjohn, S.P.A., Italy

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 37 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	US 20030069236	A1	20030410	US 2001-924732	20010808 <
	US 6794385	B2	20040921		
RIOR	ITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-924732	20010808

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:304291

The invention relates to a class of compds. I, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, or esters thereof [wherein: G = 0° NNCONH-, certain cyclic amidines and guanidines, such as pyridin-2-ylamino or imidiazolin-2-ylamino, optionally substituted by Cl-4-alkyl, O = NH or C; 0° = H, Cl-6 alkyl, Ph, or phenyl-Cl-4-alkyl; B = Cl-4 alkyl or C2-4 alkenyl, A = CH2, O, S(O)0-2, NH, CONH, CON(Me), NHCO, N(Me)CO; R1 = H, Cl-4 alkyl, C1-4 alkvg, OH, halo, or CF3; X = bond, CO; R2 = H, Cl-4 alkyl, C3-7 cycloalkyl, C1-4-alkylcycloalkyl; aryl (substituted by 0-3 of: halo, CF3, Cl-4 alkyl, OH and Cl-4 alkoxy), aralkyl, and C5-7 monocyclic heteroaryl with 1-3 N/O/S atoms (substituted by 0-3 of: halo, CF3, Cl-4 alkyl, OH, and Cl-4 alkoxyl, Y = (CH2)1-2; R = H, Cl-6 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, C2-4 alkynyl, aryl, or aryl-Cl-4 alkyl; provided that X = bond when G = H2NCONH-]. The invention also relates to pharmaceutical

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compns. comprising I, and to methods of selectively inhibiting or
    antagonizing av. beta.3 integrin using I. The
    compds. can be used for treatment of a variety of medical conditions,
    including cancer, and can be used or formulated in combination with other
    classes of antitumor agents. Approx. 50 compds. are specifically claimed,
    and synthetic details are given for 6 of them. For example,
    cyclocondensation of 4-nitro-2-aminophenol with Me 4-bromocrotonate using
    NaHCO3 in MeOH gave 91% Me (6-nitro-3, 4-dihydro-2H-1, 4-benzoxazin-2-
    v1)acetate. This compound underwent a sequence of: (1) N-phenvlation using
    1.4-cyclohexanedione and p-MeC6H4SO3H (25%), (2) hydrogenation of nitro to
    amino (56%), (3) amidation of amino with N-(benzyloxycarbonyl)-N-(1-oxido-
    2-pyridinyl)-β-alanine (76%), (4) reduction of the N-oxide using SnC12
    and TiCl4 (99%), (5) reductive removal of benzyloxycarbonyl (79.5%), and
    (6) saponification of the Me ester with aqueous NaOH in EtOH (35%), to give
title
    compound II [m = 1].. Three standard formulations of the similarly prepared
II [m
    = 2] are described. I [m = 2] bound to human αv. beta.
    3 receptor in vitro with an IC50 of 0.024 \mu\text{M}, and to human .
    alpha.IIb.beta.3 receptor with an
    IC50 of 27 µM, thus giving a high selectivity ratio of approx. 1000 for
    αv. beta.3.
L27 ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2002:907166 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        138:322
TITLE:
                        Plasma glucosylceramide deficiency as risk factor for
                        thrombosis and modulator of anticoagulant protein C
INVENTOR(S):
                        Griffin, John H.; Deguchi, Hiroshi; Fernandez, Jose
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        USA
SOURCE:
                        U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 32 pp.
                        CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO. KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
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						_											
	2002								1	US 2	002-	8694	3		20	0020	228 <
US	6756	208			B2		2004	0629									
WO	2002	1023	25		A2		2002	1227	1	WO 2	002-1	US63-	40		20	0020	228 <
WO	2002	1023	25		A3		2003	0912									
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		co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,
		PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,
		UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW								
	RW:							SD,									
		KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,
		GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,
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AU	2002	3262	91		A1		2003	0102	- 1	AU 2	002-	3262	91		20	00202	228 <
EP	1370	570			A2		2003	1217	1	EP 2	002-	7609	92		20	00202	228 <
EP	1370	570			B1		2007	0124									
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		IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR						
AT	3523	09			T		2007	0215	- 2	AT 2	002-	7609	92		20	0020	228
US	2004	0132	888		A1		2004	0708	1	US 2	003-	7399	62		20	0031	217
PRIORIT	APP:	LN.	INFO	.:					1	US 2	001-	2721	03P	1	2 (00102	228

US 2001-278045P P 20010322 US 2002-86943 A3 20020228 WO 2002-US6340 W 20020228

AB The present invention has determined that exogenously added glucosylceramide (GlcCer) and other neutral glycolipids such as the homologous Glc-containing globotriaosylceramide (Gb3Cer), dose-dependently prolonged clotting times of normal plasma in the presence but not absence of APC:protein S, indicating GlcCer or Gb3Cer can enhance protein C pathway anticoagulant activity. In studies using purified proteins, inactivation of factor Va by APC:protein S was enhanced by GlcCer alone and by GlcCer. globotriaosylceramide, lactosylceramide, and galactosylceramide in multicomponent vesicles containing phosphatidylserine and phosphatidylcholine. Thus, the present invention provides neutral glycolipids such as GlcCer and Gb3Cer, as anticoagulant cofactors that contribute to the antithrombotic activity of the protein C pathway. The present invention has also determined that a deficiency of plasma GlcCer is a risk factor for thrombosis. Methods are provided to determine individuals at risk for thrombosis, methods of treatment as well as methods of screening for antithrombotic factors from neutral glycolipids.

REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L27 ANSWER 3 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:793620 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:294975

TITLE: Preparation of quinazolinepropanoic acids and related compounds for the treatment of integrin-mediated

disorders

INVENTOR(S): Hoekstra, William J.; Lawson, Edward C.; Costanzo,

Michael J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ortho-McNeil Pharmaceutical, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 2002081467 A1 20021017 WO 2002-US10596 20020405 <--W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG AU 2002307114 A1 20021021 AU 2002-307114 A1 20030724 US 2002-117542 20020405 <--US 20030139398 20020405 <--B2 20060725 US 7081460 A1 20040218 EP 2002-763938 EP 1389205 20020405 20051221 EP 1389205 В1 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR JP 2002-579455 20020405 US 2001-282648P P 20010409 WO 2002-US10596 W 20020405 JP 2004529918 T 20040930 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:294975

AB The invention is directed to novel quinazoline and quinazoline-like derivs. (shown as I (e.g. 6-[(1E)-3-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-y1)amino]-1-propenv1]-(α S)-3,4-dihvdro-4-oxo- α -[[(2,3,4,5,6pentamethylphenyl)sulfonyllaminol-2-quinazolinepropanoic acid (shown as II)); and pharmaceutically acceptable racemates, enantiomers, diastereomers and salts thereof), their usefulness as integrin antagonists and methods for the treatment of integrin-mediated disorders. In I, A is carbonyl, amino, carbamoyl, acetamido, acetimido, amidino, iminomethylamino, ureido, biureto, biurea, thioureido, quanidino, biquanido, biquanidino, amidrazone, hydrazo, carbazovl, semicarbazido, cycloalkylene, heterocyclene, arylene and heteroarylene. (B) is optionally present and is NH, O and C(O); M is C1-C6 alkylene, C2-6 alkenylene, C2-C6 alkynylene and arylene. R3 is 1-2 substituents independently H, C1-C8 alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclo, aryl, aryl(C1-C8)alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl(C1-C8)alkyl, amino, C1-C8 alkylamino, di(C1-C8)alkylamino, imino, iminomethyl, amidino, C1-C8 alkylamidino, di(C1-C8)alkylamidino, cycloalkylamidino, halogen and hydroxy. (L) is optionally present and is NH, O, S and C(O); Y is two substituents joined to the ring by single-bonds and one substituent joined to the ring by a double-bond. X is N, NH, O and S; R1 is optionally present and is H, C1-C8 alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl(C1-C6)alkyl, aryl, aryl(C1-C6)alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl(C1-C6)alkyl, arylamino and heteroarvlamino; E is C1-C4 alkvl substituted with W and W'; F is C1-C4 alkvl substituted with U and U'. W, W', U and U' are independently H, C1-C8 alkyl, C2-C8 alkenyl, C2-C8 alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl(C1-C4)alkyl, heterocyclo, heterocyclo(C1-C4)alkyl, aryl, arvl(C1-C4) alkyl, biarvl, heteroarvl, heteroarvl(C1-C4) alkyl, -N[(R4),T(R5)] and halogen. R4 is H and C1-C8 alkyl; T is arylene, carbonyl, carboxy, sulfonyl and -C(O)NH-. R5 is H, C1-C8 alkyl, C2-C8 alkenyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclo, aryl, aryl(C1-C4)alkyl, aryl(C2-C4) alkenyl, biaryl, biaryl(C1-C4) alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl(C1-C4)alkyl and amino. R6 is H, C1-C8 alkyl and (CH2)1-8CON(R7)2; and, R7 is H, C1-C8 alkyl and cycloalkyl. Although the methods of preparation are not claimed, 18 example prepns. are included and 82 specific compds. are claimed. I block vitronectin by binding to isolated αv. beta.3 (demonstrating IC50 values of from .apprx.1 to .apprx.300 nM) and inhibit fibrinogen by binding to isolated GPIIb/IIIa as well. I inhibit integrin-mediated cell-cell or cell-matrix adhesion and, therefore, may be useful in treating integrin mediated disorders including, but not limited to, restenosis, thrombosis, inflammation, atherosclerosis, arthritis, angiogenesis, osteoporosis, bone resorption, tumor cell metastasis, tumor growth, macular degeneration, diabetic retinopathy, and diseases of the lung/airway. REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L27 ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:851117 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:371645 TITLE: Propanoic acid derivatives with acyclic and heterocyclic amidine and quanidine moieties, as av. beta.3 integrin receptor antagonists, useful for inhibition of neoplasms, bone resorption, etc. INVENTOR(S): Bandiera, Tiziano; Vianello, Paola; Cozzi, Paolo; Galvani, Arturo PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pharmacia & Upjohn S.p.A., Italy SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 155 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

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KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
    WO 2001087840 *1
                        A1 20011122 WO 2001-EP4472 20010419 <--
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             LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO,
             RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ,
             VN, YU, ZA, ZW
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     EP 1282602
                          A1
                                20030212 EP 2001-936253
     EP 1282602
                                20050921
                          B1
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    JP 20035353511 T 20031111 JP 2001-584236
AT 305001 T 20051015 AT 2001-936233
ES 224833 T 3 20060316 ES 2001-936233
US 2003014431 A1 20030731 US 2002-258584
US 6974828 B2 20051213
                                                                     20010419 <--
                                                                     20010419
                                                                     20010419
                                                                    20021101 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            GB 2000-11817
                                             GB 2000-11817 A 20000516
WO 2001-EP4472 W 20010419
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                        MARPAT 135:371645
   Novel propanoic acid derivs. are integrin receptor antagonists or
     inhibitors, in particular of the qv. beta.3
     integrin receptor. The compds. are non-peptides of formula I and their
     pharmaceutically acceptable salts [wherein: G = Q'NHC(:Q)NH- or
     heterocyclic amidines and guanidines G1-G4; Q = NH or O; Q' = H, C1-6 alk,
     Ph, phenyl-C1-4-alkyl; X = bond, CH2CONH, (CH2)m, (CH2)mX'; X' = O, S, NH;
     m = 1-4; B = CONH, CH2CONH, C2-4 alkylene or alkenylene, (CH2)mX'; A = Ph
     or pyridyl (un)substituted by 1-3 of halo, CF3, C1-4 alkyl, OH, and/or
     C1-4 alkoxy; Y = 0, S, S(0), S(0)2; R = C1-6 alkyl, Ph or C5-7
     monoheterocyclyl with 1-3 N/O/S atom(s) and (un)substituted by 1-3 of
     halo, CF3, C1-4 alkyl, OH, and/or C1-4 alkoxy; R' = H, C1-6 alkyl, C2-4
     alkenyl or alkynyl, aryl, aryl-C1-4-alkyl]. The compds. are, for
    instance, useful for: the treatment of solid tumors by inhibition of
     angiogenic growth of tumor vessel network, thus promoting tumor
    regression; inhibition of metastatic spread, thus avoiding cancer
    metastases; inhibition of bone resorption, thus controlling
     osteoporosis; inhibition of smooth muscle cells migration into neointima,
    thus blocking restenosis after percutaneous coronary angioplasty; and the
     treatment of other pathol. conditions mediated by cell adhesion, cell
    migration or angiogenesis, such e.g. diabetic retinopathy, rheumatoid
     arthritis and inflammation. Over 380 specific compds. are claimed. For
    instance, the pyridine derivative II.2CF3CO2H (PNU 277362F) was prepared by a
     generalized multi-step synthetic route. When tested in av.
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beta.3-fibrinogen binding assays, this compound had IC50 values of 0.016 ±0.009 and 9.8 $\pm4.8~\mu\text{M}$, resp., showing highly selective α v. beta.3-inhibiting activity.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L27 ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:24445 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:116824

beta.3-vitronectin and .alpha.IIb.

TITLE: Safety and preliminary efficacy of one month

glycoprotein IIb/IIIa inhibition with lefradafiban in patients with acute coronary syndromes without

ST-elevation: A phase II study

Akkerhuis, K. M.; Neuhaus, K.-L.; Wilcox, R. G.; AUTHOR(S): Vahanian, A.; Boland, J.-L.; Hoffmann, J.; Baardman, T.; Nehmiz, G.; Roth, U.; Klootwijk, A. P. J.;

Deckers, J. W.; Simoons, M. L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Thoraxcenter, Erasmus University and University Hospital Rotterdam, Rotterdam, 3000 CC, Neth.

SOURCE: European Heart Journal (2000), 21(24),

2042-2055

CODEN: EHJODF: ISSN: 0195-668X

PUBLISHER: W. B. Saunders Co. Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

Oral glycoprotein IIb/IIIa inhibitors might enhance the early benefit of an i.v. agent and prevent subsequent cardiac events in patients with acute coronary syndromes. We assessed the safety and preliminary efficacy of 1 mo treatment with three dose levels of the oral GP IIb/IIIa blocker lefradafiban in patients with unstable angina or myocardial infarction without persistent ST elevation. The Fibringen Receptor Occupancy STudy (FROST) was designed as a dose-escalation trial with 20, 30 and 45 mg lefradafiban t.i.d. or placebo. Five hundred and thirty-one patients were randomized in a 3:1 ratio to lefradafiban or placebo in a double-blind manner. Efficacy was assessed by the incidence of death, myocardial infarction, coronary revascularization and recurrent angina. Safety was evaluated by the occurrence of bleeding classified according to the TIMI criteria and by measuring clin. laboratory parameters. There was a trend towards a reduction in cardiac events with lefradafiban 30 mg when compared with placebo and lefradafiban 20 mg. The benefit was particularly apparent in patients with a pos. (≥0.1 ng•ml-1) troponin I test at baseline and less so in those with a neg. test result. In patients receiving lefradafiban, the cardiac event rate decreased with increasing minimal levels of fibrinogen receptor occupancy. There was a dose-dependent increase in the incidence of bleeding: the composite of major or minor bleeding occurred in 1% of placebo patients, 5% of patients receiving lefradafiban 20 mg and in 7% of patients receiving 30 mg, with an excessive risk (15%) in the 45 mg group which resulted in early discontinuation of this dose level. Gingival and arterial or venous puncture site bleedings were most common and accounted for more than 60% of all hemorrhagic events. There was an increased incidence of neutropenia (neutrophils <1.5 + 109/1) in the lefradafiban groups (5.2% vs 1.5% in the placebo group), which did not result from bone marrow depression but rather from a reversible redistribution of neutrophils by margination or clustering. One month's treatment with the oral glycoprotein IIb/IIIa inhibitor lefradafiban in patients with unstable angina and myocardial infarction without persistent ST elevation resulted in a decrease in cardiac events with lefradafiban 30 mg and a dose-dependent increase in hemorrhagic events. The observed favorable trend towards a reduction in cardiac events in patients with elevated troponin levels requires confirmation in a large clin. trial.

REFERENCE COUNT: 50 THERE ARE 50 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L27 ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:571738 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:275850 TITLE:

Nonpeptide αv . beta.3 Antagonists. 1. Transformation of a Potent, Integrin-Selective .alpha.IIb.

beta.3 Antagonist into a Potent

αv. beta.3 Antagonist

AUTHOR(S): Duggan, Mark E.; Duong, Le T.; Fisher, John E.; Hamill, Terence G.; Hoffman, William F.; Huff, Joel R.; Ihle, Nathan C.; Leu, Chih-Tai; Nagy, Rose M.; Perkins, James J.; Rodan, Sevgi B.; Wesolowski, Gregg; Whitman, David B.; Zartman, Amy E.; Rodan, Gideon A.;

Hartman, George D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Departments of Medicinal Chemistry Bone Biology and

Osteoporosis Research and Pharmacology, Merck Research

Laboratories, West Point, PA, 19486, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2000),

43(20), 3736-3745 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English

LANGUAGE:

AB Modification of the potent fibrinogen receptor (.alpha

.IIb.beta.3) antagonist (I) generated

compds. with high affinity for the vitronectin receptor av. beta.3. Sequential modification of the basic N-terminus

of I led to the identification of the 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro[1,8]naphthyridine moiety (THN) as a lipophilic, moderately basic N-terminus that provides

mols. with excellent potency and selectivity for the integrin receptor αv. beta.3. The THN-containing analog is a potent

inhibitor of bone resorption in vitro and in vivo. In addition,

the identification of a novel, nonpeptide radioligand with high affinity

to av. beta.3 is also reported.

REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> s L25 and spiro 26150 SPIRO 20 SPIROS

26167 SPIRO (SPIRO OR SPIROS)

L28 2 L25 AND SPIRO

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L28 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:923795 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:53749

TITLE: Preparation of heteroarylalkanoic acids as integrin

receptor antagonists

Nagarajan, Scrinivasan Raj; Khanna, Ish Kumar; INVENTOR(S):

Tollefson, Michael B.; Mohler, Scott B.; Chen, Barbara; Russell, Mark; Devadas, Balekudru; Penning, Thomas D.; Schretzman, Lori A.; Spangler, Dale P.;

Boys, Mark Laurence; Chandrakumar, Nizal Samuel; Lu, Hwang-Fun

English

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pharmacia Corporation, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 368 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

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WO 2001096334
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                                20011220 WO 2001-US19375 20010615 <--
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     WO 2001096334
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                                20050823
     EP 1289983
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                                                                   20010615 <--
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             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
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                               20040415
                                            JP 2002-510476
     JP 2004511434
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                                            US 2003-311385
     US 20040092497
                         A1
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                                                                   20030905
     US 7119098
                         B2
                                20061010
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2000-211781P
                                                                P 20000615
                                                                P 20000615
                                            US 2000-211782P
                                            WO 2001-US19375
                                                                W 20010615
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                        MARPAT 136:53749
    Title compds. A1Z2Z1AXYY5(Y3)(Y4)CH2CORb [I; wherein ring A =
     (un)substituted 4-8 membered monocyclic or 7-12 membered bicyclic ring
     containing 1-4 heteroatoms, selected from O, N, or S; A1 = (un)substituted 5-9
     membered monocyclic or 7-14 membered polycyclic heterocycle containing at
     least 1 N and optionally 1-4 heteroatoms or groups selected from O, N, S,
     SO2, or CO; Z1 = CH2, O, CH2O, NH, CO, S, SO, CH(OH), and SO2; Z2 =
     (un)substituted 1-5 C linker optionally containing 1 or more heteroatoms
     selected from O, S, and N; Z1Z2 may contain a carboxamide, sulfone,
     sulfonamide, alkenyl, alkynyl, acyl, or (un)substituted 5- or 6-membered
     (hetero)aryl; X = CHRe, NRf, O, S, SO2, or CO; Re = H, (cyclo)alkyl,
     alkoxy(alkyl), OH, alkynyl, alkenyl, haloalkyl, thioalkyl, or aryl; Rf =
     H, (halo)alkyl, aryl, or benzyl; Y = (CH2)p, CHRg, NRg, CO, or SO2; Rg =
     H, (halo)alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkynyl, (hetero)aryl, OH, alkoxy, or
     carboxyalkyl; p = 0-1; XY may contain acyl, alkyl, sulfonyl, amino,
     (thio)ether, carboxamido, sulfonamido, aminosulfonyl, or olefin; Y3 and Y4
     = independently H, (halo)alkyl, halo, (hetero)aryl, hydroxyalkyl, alkynyl,
     etc.; Rb = X2Rh; X2 = O, S, or NRi; Rh and Ri = independently H,
     (ar) alkyl, acyl, or alkoxyalkyl; with provisos] and their pharmaceutically
     acceptable salts were prepared for selectively antagonizing the av.
     beta.3 and/or the gv85 integrin without
     significantly antagonizing the fibrinogen IIb/IIIa integrin.
     For example, 3-(hydroxymethyl)benzonitrile was protected with
     3.4-dihydro-2H-pyran (89%) and treated with HONH2.HCl to give the
     benzenecarboximidamide (98%). Cyclization with 3-methylglutaric anhydride
     in the presence of MeI (64%) and deprotection (98%) gave the Me
     1,2,4-oxadiazolebutanoate (64%). Oxidation to the aldehyde, followed by
     reductive addition of 2-aminopyridine and workup, afforded the
     oxadiazolebutanoic acid (II). In vitronectin adhesion assays, I
     antagonized the \alpha v. beta.3 integrin and the
     \alpha\nu\beta5 integrin with IC50 values of 0.1 nM to 100 \muM and < 50
     \mu M, resp. I are useful for the treatment of tumor metastasis, solid
     tumor growth, angiogenesis, osteoporosis, humoral hypercalcemia of
     malignancy, smooth muscle cell migration, restenosis, atherosclerosis,
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L28 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:398915 CAPLUS 125:137093

macular degeneration, retinopathy, and arthritis (no data).

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

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ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 125:25553a,25556a
TITLE:
                         Non-Peptide glycoprotein IIb/IIIa inhibitors
                         . 9. Centrally constrained alpha-sulfonamides are
                         useful tools for exploring platelet receptor function
                         Egbertson, M. S.; Bednar, B.; Bednar, R. A.; Hartman,
AUTHOR(S):
                         G. D.; Gould, R. J.; Lynch, R. J.; Vassallo, L. M.;
                         Young, S. D.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Dept. Medicinal Chem., Merck Res. Laboratories, West
                         Point, PA, 19486, USA
SOURCE:
                         Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (1996
                         ), 6(12), 1415-1420
                         CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X
PUBLISHER:
                         Elsevier
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     Two fluorescent, centrally constrained fibrinogen receptor
     antagonists were prepared to probe ligand receptor interactions. The use of
     these centrally constrained fibrinogen receptor antagonists to
     characterize the binding affinity of nonfluorescent antagonists to
     inactive isolated GPIIb/IIIa and GPIIb/IIIa on platelets is described.
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L14
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L15
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T-16
           2727 S L15 AND BETA-3
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1901 S L16 AND ALPHA-IIB

1264 S L17 AND PY<=2003 4 S L18 AND SPIRO

1.18

T.19

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L23
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L24
              2 S L22 AND "TUMOR CELL"
L25
            367 S L18 AND FIBRINGEN
L26
              0 S L25 AND BOBE
L27
              6 S L25 AND BONE
L28
             2 S L25 AND SPIRO
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         19802 FIBRINGENS
L29
         36894 FIBRINGEN
                 (FIBRINOGEN OR FIBRINOGENS)
=> s 129 and receptors
        708570 RECEPTORS
L30
          2769 L29 AND RECEPTORS
=> s 130 and inhibitors
        583578 INHIBITORS
T.31
           635 L30 AND INHIBITORS
=> s L31 and (tumor or cancer)
        466089 TUMOR
        173228 TUMORS
        519321 TUMOR
                 (TUMOR OR TUMORS)
        374012 CANCER
         54992 CANCERS
        387795 CANCER
                 (CANCER OR CANCERS)
L32
           174 L31 AND (TUMOR OR CANCER)
=> s L32 and (bone or skeletal)
        234312 BONE
         24682 BONES
        241235 BONE
                 (BONE OR BONES)
         97952 SKELETAL
             3 SKELETALS
         97955 SKELETAL
                  (SKELETAL OR SKELETALS)
            64 L32 AND (BONE OR SKELETAL)
L33
=> S L33 and PY<=2003
      24009633 PY<=2003
1.34
            16 L33 AND PY<=2003
=> d L34 1-16 ibib ab
L34 ANSWER 1 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2003:282116 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         138:304291
TITLE:
                         New benzoxazine derivatives useful as \alpha v \beta 3
                         integrin receptor antagonists
```

INVENTOR(S): Vianello, Paola; Bandiera, Tiziano; Varasi, Mario
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pharmacia & Upjohn, S.P.A., Italy
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 37 pp.

U.S. Pat. Appl. CODEN: USXXCO Patent English

LANGUAGE: Er FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
US 20030069236 A1 20030410 US 2001-924732 20010808 <-US 6794385 B2 20040921
PRIORITY APPLIN. INFO:: US 2001-924732 20010808

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:304291

The invention relates to a class of compds. I, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, or esters thereof [wherein: G = Q'NHCONH-, certain cyclic amidines and quanidines, such as pyridin-2-ylamino or imidazolin-2-ylamino, optionally substituted by C1-4-alkyl; Q = NH or O; Q' = H, C1-6 alkyl, Ph, or phenyl-C1-4-alkyl; B = C1-4 alkyl or C2-4 alkenvl; A = CH2, O, S(O)0-2, NH, CONH, CON(Me), NHCO, N(Me)CO; R1 = H, C1-4 alkyl, C1-4 alkoxy, OH, halo, or CF3; X = bond, CO; R2 = H, C1-4 alkyl, C3-7 cycloalkyl, C1-4-alkylcycloalkyl; aryl (substituted by 0-3 of: halo, CF3, C1-4 alkyl, OH and C1-4 alkoxy), aralkyl, and C5-7 monocyclic heteroaryl with 1-3 N/O/S atoms (substituted by 0-3 of: halo, CF3, C1-4 alkyl, OH, and C1-4 alkoxy); Y = (CH2)1-2; R = H, C1-6 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, C2-4 alkynyl, aryl, or aryl-C1-4 alkyl; provided that X ≠ bond when G = H2NCONH-]. The invention also relates to pharmaceutical compns. comprising I, and to methods of selectively inhibiting or antagonizing $\alpha v \beta 3$ integrin using I. The compds. can be used for treatment of a variety of medical conditions, including cancer , and can be used or formulated in combination with other classes of antitumor agents. Approx. 50 compds. are specifically claimed, and synthetic details are given for 6 of them. For example, cyclocondensation of 4-nitro-2-aminophenol with Me 4-bromocrotonate using NaHCO3 in MeOH gave 91% Me (6-nitro-3, 4-dihydro-2H-1, 4-benzoxazin-2-yl)acetate. This compound underwent a sequence of: (1) N-phenylation using 1,4-cyclohexanedione and p-MeC6H4SO3H (25%), (2) hydrogenation of nitro to amino (56%), (3) amidation of amino with N-(benzyloxycarbonyl)-N-(1-oxido-2-pyridinyl)-B-alanine (76%), (4) reduction of the N-oxide using SnC12 and TiCl4 (99%), (5) reductive removal of benzyloxycarbonyl (79.5%), and

(6) saponification of the Me ester with aqueous NaOH in EtoH (35%), to give title

compound II [m = 1].. Three standard formulations of the similarly prepared II [m $\,$

= 2] are described. I [m = 2] bound to human $\alpha v \beta 3$ receptor in vitro with an IC50 of 0.024 μM , and to human $\alpha II b \beta 3$ receptor with an IC50 of 27 μM , thus giving a high selectivity ratio of approx. 1000 for $\alpha v \beta 3$.

L34 ANSWER 2 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:937303 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:20443

TITLE: Endocrine disruptor screening using DNA chips of endocrine disruptor-responsive genes

INVENTOR(S):

Kondo, Akihiro; Takeda, Takeshi; Mizutani, Shigetoshi;
Tsujimoto, Yoshimasa; Takashima, Ryokichi; Enoki,
Yuki; Kato, Ikunoshin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takara Bio Inc., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 386 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
JP 2002355079	A	20021210	JP 2002-69354		20020313 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-73183	A	20010314
			JP 2001-74993	A	20010315
			JP 2001-102519	A	20010330

AB A method and kit for detecting endocrine—disrupting chems. using DNA microarrays are claimed. The method comprises preparing a nucleic acid sample containing mRNAs or cDNAs originating in cells, tissues, or organisms which have been brought into contact with a sample containing the endocrine disruptor. The nucleic acid sample is hybridized with DNA microarrays having genes affected by the endocrine disruptor or DNA fragments originating in these genes have been fixed. The results obtained are then compared with the results obtained with the control sample to select the gene affected by the endocrine disruptor. Genes whose expression is altered by tri-Bu tin, 4-octaphenol, 4-nonylphenol, di-N-Bu phthalate, dichlorohexyl phthalate, octachlorostyrene, benzophenone, diethylhexyl phthalate, diethylstilbestrol (DES), and 17-β estradiol (E2), were found in mice by DNA chio anal.

L34 ANSWER 3 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:832815 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:348175

TITLE: Use of non-native tRNAs and amino acyl tRNA

synthetases with relaxed substrate specificity in the in vivo incorporation of unnatural amino acids

in vivo incorporation of unnatural amino acids

INVENTOR(S): Schultz, Peter; Wang, Lei; Anderson, John Christopher; Chin, Jason W. K.; Liu, David R.; Magliery, Thomas J.; Meggers, Eric L.; Mehl, Ryan Aaron; Pastrnak, Miro;

Santoro, Steven William; Zhang, Zhiwen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Scripps Research Institute, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 188 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	E APPL	ICATION NO.	DATE
		21031 WO 2 40527	002-US12465	
W: AE, AG, A CO, CR, CI GM, HR, HI LS, LT, LI	L, AM, AT, AU, J, CZ, DE, DK, J, ID, IL, IN, J, LV, MA, MD, O, SE, SG, SI	, AZ, BA, BB, , DM, DZ, EC, , IS, JP, KE, , MG, MK, MN,	BG, BR, BY, BZ EE, ES, FI, GB KG, KP, KR, KZ MW, MX, MZ, NO TM, TR, TT, TZ	, GD, GE, GH, , LC, LK, LR, , NZ, PL, PT,
RW: GH, GM, KI KG, KZ, Mi GR, IE, I	E, LS, MW, MZ, D, RU, TJ, TM,	, AT, BE, CH, , PT, SE, TR,	TZ, UG, ZM, ZW CY, DE, DK, ES BF, BJ, CF, CG	, FI, FR, GB,
CA 2443757 AU 2002256292 AU 2002256292	A1 2000 A1 2000 B2 200	21031 CA 2 21105 AU 2 71206	002-2443757 002-256292	20020419 <
US 20030082575	A1 2003	30501 US 2	002-126927	20020419 <

US	7045337		B2	20	060516						
US	20030108885		A1	20	030612	US	2002-126931		20020	419	<
US	7083970		B2	20	060801						
EP	1490483		A2	20	041229	EP	2002-725743		20020	419	
	R: AT, BE, 0	CH,	DE,	DK, E	S, FR,	GB, G	R, IT, LI, LU,	NL, S	SE, MC,	PT,	
	IE, FI, C	CY,	TR								
JP	2005502322		T	20	050127	JP	2002-583449		20020	419	
MX	2003PA09563		A	20	041206	MX	2003-PA9563		20031	017	
US	20060063244		A1	20	060323	US	2004-2387		20041	201	
US	20050208536		A1	20	050922	US	2004-9635		20041	210	
US	20050250183		A1	20	051110	US	2004-17550		20041	217	
US	20060233744		A1	20	061019	US	2005-254161		20051	018	
US	7368275		В2	20	080506						
US	20060234367		A1	20	061019	US	2005-254170		20051	018	
US	7354761		B2	20	080408						
US	20070117184		A1	20	070524	US	2006-583551		20061	018	
US	20080166783		A1	20	080710	US	2007-800455		20070	504	
	20080167243		A1	20	080710	US	2007-978188		20071	026	
AU	2007251897		A1	20	080124	AU	2007-251897		20071	220	
AU	2008200780		A1	20	080313		2008-200780		20080	219	
PRIORITY	APPLN. INFO.:	:				US	2001-285030P	P	20010	419	
						US	2002-355514P	P	20020	206	
						AU	2002-256292	A3	20020	419	
						AU	2002-303431		20020		
						US	2002-126927	A1	. 20020	419	
						US	2002-126931	A3	20020		
						WO	2002-US12465	W	20020	419	
						US	2004-17550	A1	20041	217	
						US	2006-583551	A1	20061	018	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:348175

AB The invention provides methods and compns. for in vivo incorporation of unnatural amino acids. Also provided are compns. including proteins with unnatural amino acids. Incorporation is achieved by using a non-native or orthogonal tRNA and its cognate aminoacyl tRNA synthetase. The synthetase is modified to accept a range of amino acid analogs as substrates for the charging of the tRNA. The tRNA can also be modified to create a four- or five base anticodon that can be used to limit the incorporation of the foreign amino acid to specific sites, i.e. as a suppressor tRNA. Use of the CUA tRNA and tyrosyl tRNA synthetase of Methanococcus jannaschii to incorporate tyrosine analogs into proteins in Escherichia coli is demonstrated. L-3-(2-Naphthyl) alanine was incorporated into chloramphenicol acetyltransferase at non-essential sites using an amber suppressor tRNA. Resistance of these variants to chloramphenicol was improved by incorporation of L-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine into the culture

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L34 ANSWER 4 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
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ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:849246 CAPLUS

medium.

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:338052

TITLE: Gene profiling of human fetal and adult adrenals
AUTHOR(S): Rainey, W. E.; Carr, B. R.; Wang, Z-N.; Parker, C. R.,

Jr.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Division of

Reproductive Endocrinology, Southwestern Medical Center, University of Texas, Dallas, TX, 75390, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Endocrinology (2001), 171(2),

209-215

CODEN: JOENAK; ISSN: 0022-0795 UBLISHER: Society for Endocrinology

PUBLISHER: Society:
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

AB The mechanisms that lead to the steroidogenic differences in the human fetal adrenal (HFA) and adult adrenal gland are not known. However, gene expression clearly plays a critical role in defining their distinct steroidogenic and structural phenotypes. We used DNA microarrays to compare expression levels of several thousand transcripts between the HFA and adult adrenal gland. Total RNA was isolated from 18 HFA and 12 adult adrenal glands. Samples of total RNA were used to make five pools of poly A+ RNA (mRNA). Gene profiling was done using five independent microarrays that contained between 7075 and 9182 cDNA elements. Sixty-nine transcripts were found to have a greater than 2.5-fold difference in expression between HFA and adult adrenals. The largest differences were observed for transcripts that encode IGF-II (25-fold higher in HFA) and 3β-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase (24-fold higher in adult). Among the other genes, transcripts related to sterol biosynthesis or to growth and development were higher in the HFA than adult adrenals. Transcripts concerned with cellular immunity and signal transduction were preferentially expressed in the adult adrenal. The wast majority of the 69 transcripts have not been studied with regard to adrenal function. Thus, these gene profiles provide valuable information that could help define the mechanisms that control adrenal function.

17 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 5 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:828415 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:89412

TITLE: Detection of variations in the DNA methylation profile

THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

of genes in the determining the risk of disease INVENTOR(S): Berlin, Kurt; Piepenbrock, Christian; Olek, Alexander

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Epigenomics A .- G., Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 636 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 69

PATENT INFORMATION:

REFERENCE COUNT:

PATENT NO.		KIN	D	DATE					ION:			D	ATE					
WO	2001	0773	73		A2		2001	1018							2	0010	406 <	:
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
		CR,	CU,	CZ,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	
		ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	
		LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	
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	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	
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		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG					
DE	E 10019058				A1		2001	1220		DE 2	000-	1001	9058		2	0000	406 <	
WO	2001	0773	73		A2		2001	1018		WO 2	001-	DE14	86		2	0010	406 <	
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		SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ΤJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	
		ZA,	ZW															
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		ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG			
ΑU	2001	1077487 A 20011			1023		AU 2	001-	7748	7		2	0010	406 <	:			
EP 1360319			A2		2003	1112		EP 2	001-	9552	78		2	0010	406 <	·		

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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
           IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
                                       AT 2002-90203
    AT 339520
                       т
                            20061015
                                                            20020605
    ES 2272636
                       Т3
                            20070501
                                       ES 2002-90203
                                                            20020605
    US 20040067491
                      A1
                            20040408
                                      US 2003-240454
                                                            20030311
    AU 2003204553
                      A1
                           20040108 AU 2003-204553
                                                            20030605
    AU 2003204553
                      B2 20071129
    JP 2004008217
                     A
                           20040115
                                      JP 2003-160375
                                                            20030605
    US 20040023279
                     A1 20040205
                                     US 2003-455212
                                                            20030605
                     A1 20060831 AU 2006-203475
    AU 2006203475
                                                            20060811
                     A1 20061019
    AU 2006213968
                                      AU 2006-213968
                                                            20060915
    AU 2006225250
                     A1 20061026
                                       AU 2006-225250
                                                            20061005
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                       DE 2000-10019058 A 20000406
                                       WO 2001-DE1486
                                                        W 20010406
                                       DE 2000-10019173
                                                       A 20000407
                                       DE 2000-10032529 A 20000630
                                       DE 2000-10043826 A 20000901
                                                        A 20010406
                                       AU 2001-275663
                                       AU 2001-276331
                                                        A3 20010406
                                       AU 2001-75663
                                                         A 20010406
                                                         W 20010406
                                       WO 2001-EP4016
                                       EP 2002-90203
                                                         A 20020605
                                       AU 2006-230475
                                                         A 20060811
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The invention relates to an oligonucleotide kit as probe for the detection of relevant variations in the DNA methylation of a target group of genes. The invention further relates to the use of the same for determining the gene variant with regard to DNA methylation, a medical device, using an oligonucleotide kit, a method for determining the methylation state of an individual and a method for the establishment of a model for establishing the probability of onset of a disease state in an individual. Such diseases may be: undesired pharmaceutical side-effects; cancerous diseases; CNS dysfunctions, injuries or diseases; aggressive symptoms or relational disturbances; clin., psychol. and social consequences of brain injury; psychotic disorders and personality disorders; dementia and/or associated syndromes; cardiovascular disease, dysfunction and damage; dysfunction, damage or disease of the gastrointestinal tract; dysfunction, damage or disease of the respiratory system; injury, inflammation, infection, immunity and/or anastasis; dysfunction, damage or disease of the body as an abnormal development process; dysfunction, damage or disease of the skin, muscle, connective tissue or bones; endocrine and metabolic dysfunction, damage or disease; headaches or sexual dysfunction. This abstract record is one of several records for this document necessitated by the large number of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.

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L34 ANSWER 6 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                       2001:338762 CAPLUS
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DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:362292

TITLE: Methods of determining individual hypersensitivity to a pharmaceutical agent from gene expression profile

INVENTOR(S): Farr, Spencer

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Phase-1 Molecular Toxicology, USA SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 222 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

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WO 2001032928
                        A2 20010510 WO 2000-US30474 20001103 <--
     WO 2001032928
                         A3 20020725
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
             HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
             LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
             SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
             YU, ZA, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                            US 1999-165398P P 19991105
US 2000-196571P P 20000411
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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The invention discloses methods, gene databases, gene arrays, protein arrays, and devices that may be used to determine the hypersensitivity of individuals to a given agent, such as drug or other chemical, in order to prevent toxic side effects. In one embodiment, methods of identifying hypersensitivity in a subject by obtaining a gene expression profile of multiple genes associated with hypersensitivity of the subject suspected to be hypersensitive, and identifying in the gene expression profile of the subject a pattern of gene expression of the genes associated with hypersensitivity are disclosed. The gene expression profile of the subject may be compared with the gene expression profile of a normal individual and a hypersensitive individual. The gene expression profile of the subject that is obtained may comprise a profile of levels of mRNA or cDNA. The gene expression profile may be obtained by using an array of nucleic acid probes for the plurality of genes associated with hypersensitivity. The expression of the genes predetd. to be associated with hypersensitivity is directly related to prevention or repair of toxic damage at the tissue, organ or system level. Gene databases arrays and apparatus useful for identifying hypersensitivity in a subject are also disclosed.

L34 ANSWER 7 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN 2001:50632 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:100897

TITLE: Benzazepinone and quinazoline derivatives inhibiting the binding of adhesive proteins to vitronectin

receptors. INVENTOR(S): Alig, Leo; Chucholowski, Alexander; Weller, Thomas

F. Hoffmann-La Roche A.-G., Switz. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Pat.ent. LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.				KIN	_	DATE					ION:				ATE	
	2001				A1												706 <
	W:	ΑE,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,
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		JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,
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		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG			
US	6506	744			B1		20030114 US				000-	6117	00		2	0000	707 <

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 1999-113708 A 19990713 MARPAT 134:100897

OTHER SOURCE(S):

Compds. of formula (I) wherein R1 is CH2(C:O)NHCHR5CH2COOH or (CH2)m[CH(C6H4R6)]nCH2COOH; R2 is NH(C:O)NHR4 or N:C(NHR10)NHR11; R3 is H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, aryl, carboxyalkyl; R4 is alkyl or aralkyl; R5 is H, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, or (C:O)NHR8; R6 is H or NH(C:O)NHR4; R7 is H, alkyl, cycloalkyl or aralkyl; R8 is alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl or aryl; R9 is H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or aralkyl; R10 and R11 are each independently H or alkyl or R10 and R11 together with the N-atoms to which they are attached form a 5- to 6-membered heterocyclic ring which can be alkyl-substituted; X is CHR3; Z is NR7 or oxygen, wherein Y is CO when Z is NR7 and Y is CHR9 when Z is oxygen; m, n, and p are zero or whole pos. nos., wherein m is 2 to 5, n is zero or 1, p is zero or 1, as well as pharmaceutically usable salts and esters thereof, have been prepared as inhibitors of the binding of adhesive proteins to the surface of different types of cell and accordingly influence cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions (no data). Thus, reaction of N-methylisatoic acid anhydride with glycine Et ester hydrochloride, followed by treatment with bromoacetyl bromide and subsequent nitration, catalytic hydrogenation, reaction with benzylisocyanate, coupling with (R,S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropanoic acid Et ester and subsequent ester

hydrolysis, afforded benzodiazepinedione II. They can be used in the form of pharmaceutical prepns. for the treatment or prevention of neoplasms, tumor metastasis, tumor growth, osteoporosis, Paget's disease, diabetic retinopathy, macular degeneration, restenosis following

vascular intervention, psoriasis, arthritis, fibrosis, kidney failure as well as infection caused by viruses, bacteria or fungi. REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

8 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 8 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:824520 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:2341

TITLE: Using markers for the identification of breast cancer and precancer from breast duct samples

INVENTOR(S): Hung, David T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pro Duct Health, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10

PATENT INFORMATION:

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    AU 2002258542
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                        A1
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                                           AU 2008-202312
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 1999-313463
                                                              A 19990517
                                           US 1999-166100P
                                                             P 19991117
                                           US 1999-473510
                                                             A 19991228
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                                           US 1998-114048P
                                                             P 19981228
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                                           US 1999-122076P
                                           US 1999-134613P
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                                                              A3 20000229
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                                                              W 20000517
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                                                             A 20010406
                                           AU 2002-237838
                                                              A3 20020116
                                           WO 2002-US1142
                                                              W 20020116
                                           WO 2002-US8232
                                                              W 20020403
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cancer or precancer. A method is provided that uses a patient's ductal fluid sample and examines the sample to determine the presence for marker(s) that can identify a patient's risk for breast cancer.

The authors provide an extensive listing of the potential markers that may be used.

THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

2 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 9 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:795994 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:31744

TITLE: Gene probes used for genetic profiling in healthcare

screening and planning INVENTOR(S): Roberts, Gareth Wyn

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Genostic Pharma Ltd., UK SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 745 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent. LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2 PATENT INFORMATION:

REFERENCE COUNT:

PAT	PATENT NO.						DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D.	ATE		
WO	9964						1999											<
	W:						AZ,											
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							ΙE,						SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	
					GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,										
PRIORITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:							998-				A 1			
											998-				A 1			
										GB 1998-13611						9980		
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										GB 1	998-	1608	6		A 1	9980	724	
									GB 1998-16921				1		A 1	9980	805	
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									GB 1998-17200						A 1			
									GB 1998-17632				2		A 1	9980:	814	
										GB 1	998-	1794	3	1	A 1	9980	819	

There is considerable evidence that significant factor underlying the AB individual variability in response to disease, therapy and prognosis lies in a person's genetic make-up. There have been numerous examples relating that polymorphisms within a given gene can alter the functionality of the protein encoded by that gene thus leading to a variable physiol. response. In order to bring about the integration of genomics into medical practice and enable design and building of a technol. platform which will enable the everyday practice of mol. medicine a way must be invented for the DNA sequence data to be aligned with the identification of genes central to the induction, development, progression and outcome of disease or physiol. states of interest. According to the invention, the number of genes and their configurations (mutations and polymorphisms) needed to be identified

in order to provide critical clin. information concerning individual prognosis is considerably less than the 100,000 thought to comprise the human genome. The identification of the identity of the core group of genes enables the invention of a design for genetic profiling technologies which comprises of the identification of the core group of genes and their sequence variants required to provide a broad base of clin. prognostic information - "genostics". The "Genostic" profiling of patients and persons will radically enhance the ability of clinicians, healthcare professionals and other parties to plan and manage healthcare provision and the targeting of appropriate healthcare resources to those deemed most in need. The use of this invention could also lead to a host of new applications for such profiling technologies, such as identification of persons with particular work or environment related risk, selection of applicants for employment, training or specific opportunities or for the enhancing of the planning and organization of health services, education services and social services.

L34 ANSWER 10 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:795993 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:31743

TITLE: Gene probes used for genetic profiling in healthcare

screening and planning
INVENTOR(S): Roberts, Gareth Wyn

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Genostic Pharma Limited, UK SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 149 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Facent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

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		9964	626			A2		1999	1216		WO 1	999-	GB17	79		1	9990	604	
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			JP,	KΕ,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	
			MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	
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	AU	9941.	586			A		1999	1230		AU 1:	999-	4158	6		1	9990	604	<
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	GB	2339:	200			A		2000	0119		GB 1	999-	1291	4		1	9990	604	<
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	JP	2003	5285	64		T		2003	0930		JP 2	000-	5536	16		1	9990	604	<
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											GB 1	998-	1763	2		A 1	9980	814	
											GB 1	998-	1794	3		A 1	9980	819	

AB There is considerable evidence that significant factor underlying the individual variability in response to disease, therapy and prognosis lies in a person's genetic make-up. There have been numerous examples relating that polymorphisms within a given gene can alter the functionality of the protein encoded by that gene thus leading to a variable physiol. response. In order to bring about the integration of genomics into medical practice and enable design and building of a technol. platform which will enable the everyday practice of mol. medicine a way must be invented for the DNA sequence data to be aligned with the identification of genes central to the induction, development, progression and outcome of disease or physiol. states of interest. According to the invention, the number of genes and their configurations (mutations and polymorphisms) needed to be identified in order to provide critical clin. information concerning individual prognosis is considerably less than the 100,000 thought to comprise the human genome. The identification of the identity of the core group of genes enables the invention of a design for genetic profiling technologies.

L34 ANSWER 11 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:717837 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:314241

TITLE: Stabilized protein crystals, formulations containing

them and methods of making them
INVENTOR(S): Margolin, Alexev L.: Khalaf, Naze

INVENTOR(S): Margolin, Alexey L.; Khalaf, Nazer K.; St. Clair, Nancy L.; Rakestraw, Scott L.; Shenoy, Bhami C.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Altus Biologics Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 201 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	PATENT NO.					D	DATE		i	APP	LICAT	CION	NO.		D.	ATE		
WO	9955	310			A1		1999	1104	1	wo	1999-	US90	 99		1	9990	427	<
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CA	2330	476			A1		1999	1104		CA	1999-	-2330	476		1	9990	427	<
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AU	7579	91			B2		2003	0313										
EP	1073	421			A1		2001	0207	1	EΡ	1999-	9200	64		1	9990	427	<
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SG	1217	39			A1		2006	0526		SG	2002-	6394			1	9990	427	
US	2002	0045	582		A1		2002	0418	1	US	1999-	3741	32		1	9990:	810	<
US	6541	606			B2		2003	0401										
ZA	2000	0060	23		A		2001	1113		ZA	2000-	6023			2	0001	026	<
IN	2000	KNOO.	530		A		2005	0923		IN	2000-	KN53	0		2	0001	120	
US	2003	0175	239		A1		2003	0918	1	US	2003-	3832	66		2	0030	305	<
US	7351	798			B2		2008	0401										
RIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :					1	US	1997-	-7027	4P		T0 1	9971:	231	

US 1998-83148P P 19980427 US 1998-224475 A2 19981231 WO 1999-US9099 W 19990427 US 1999-374132 A1 19990810

AB Methods are provided for the stabilization, storage, and delivery of biol. active macromols, such as proteins, peptides and nucleic acids. Methods are provided for the crystallization of proteins and nucleic acids and for the preparation of stabilized protein or nucleic acid crystals for use in dry or slurry formulations in pharmaceutical and veterinary formulations, diagnostics, cosmetics, food, and agricultural feeds. The crystals are stabilized by addition of excipients such as carbohydrates or by encapsulating them in a polymeric carrier. Methods are presented for encapsulating proteins, glycoproteins, enzymes, antibodies, hormones, and peptide crystals or crystal formulations into compns. for biol. delivery to humans and animals. Thus, lipase from Candida rugosa was dissolved in distilled water, treated with celite, adjusted to pH 4.8 with AcOH, filtered, ultrafiltered to remove proteins of <30 kDa mol. weight, and crystallization

was

initiated by addition of 2-methyl-2,4-pentanediol. Sucrose was added to the mother liquor to a concentration of 10%, and the crystals were separated by centrifugation, suspended in EtOH, and air dried at room temperature Alternatively, the lipase crystals were crosslinked and encapsulated in lactic acid/glycolic acid copolymer; the microspheres formed were 90 μm in diameter

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD, ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 12 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:572040 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:185245

TITLE: Preparation of N-hydroxybenzamidine derivatives of

 β -amino-L-alanine with potent affinity to

receptor of cell adhesion activating protein

INVENTOR(S): Miyauchi, Hiroshi; Tanaka, Masashi; Ohashi, Naohito

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11240862	A	19990907	JP 1998-241054	19980811 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-367411 A	19971224

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:185245

Same of the state of the state

cyanobenzoylamino) propanoylamino) -2-((4-ethylbenzenesulfonyl) amino) propano ate in MeOH and stirred at room temperature for 15 h, followed by saponification and

acidification with aqueous HCl to give the title compound (II). When administered p.o., II at 1 mg/kg ex vivo exhibited blood platelet aggregation in guinea pigs by 72.3, 83.2, 90.0, and 77.6% after 0.5, 1, 2, and 4 h, resp.

L34 ANSWER 13 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:33365 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:73213

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 126:14141a,14144a

TITLE: Competitive inhibition of pulmonary metastasis of hamster osteosarcoma by peptides containing the core

sequence of cell-adhesive molecules

AUTHOR(S): Nakagawa, Takuzo; Akamatsu, Noriya

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department Orthopaedic Surgery, Yamanashi Medical University, Tamaho, 409-38, Japan

SOURCE: Yamanashi Ika Daigaku Zasshi (1996), 11(3),

37-47

CODEN: YIDZE8; ISSN: 0912-0025 PUBLISHER: Yamanashi Ika Daigaku Igakkai

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Tumor invasion and metastasis may occur due to altered

mechanisms of adhesion of cells to the extracellular matrix. The RGD sequence (Arg-Gly-Asp) commonly exists in some adhesion-related mols.

including fibronectin, vitronectin, fibrinogen and von Willebrand factor. It is believed that synthetic peptides containing the RGD

core sequence are able to inhibit the formation of tumor colonies in the lungs. To control pulmonary metastases, the author investigated the antimetastatic activity of the RGD core sequence in the cell-binding fragment of fibronectin in the metastatic process of hamster

osteosarcoma. Primary and metastatic tumor cells from hamster osteosarcoma were analyzed by cytofluorometry to investigate the

populations of fibronectin receptors on the surface of each cell type. Inhibitors containing the characteristic sequence in fibronectin reduced metastatic colonization in the lung lesions.

Fibronectin receptors on the cells from lung metastatic lesions increased compared to those from primary lesions. These results indicate

that the mechanism of metastasis is related to the interaction between fibronectin and the fibronectin receptor. It also suggests that inhibitors which contain the RGD core sequence decrease pulmonary

metastatic colonization through by interfering with the cellular adhesive process.

L34 ANSWER 14 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:881315 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:286740

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 123:51407a,51410a Preparation of peptides containing TITLE:

2,3-diaminopropionic acid derivatives having selective

affinity to cell adhesion activating protein

receptors

Ikeda, Yoshiharu; Ueki, Yasuyuki; Kishimoto, Hisakazu; INVENTOR(S):

Nishihara, Toshio; Kamikawa, Yumiko Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 231 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 0511228		A1	10050407	WO 1994-TP1700	10041011
WO 9511228	37 311		19950427	WO 1994-JP1700 CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE,	19941011 <
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		SZ. AT	BE. CH.	DE, DK, ES, FR, GB,	GR. IE. IT. LIL
				CG, CI, CM, GA, GN,	
	TG	DE, DE	, 50, 61,	co, c1, cm, cm, cm,	TIE, TIE, TIE, OH,
CA 2174516		A1	19950427	CA 1994-2174516	19941011 <
AU 9478627		A	19950508	AU 1994-78627	
EP 725059		A1	19960807		19941011 <
EP 725059		B1	20010117		
R: AT.	BE, CH,	DE, DK		GB, GR, IE, IT, LI,	NL, PT, SE
CN 1138322		A	19961218		19941011 <
CN 1076345		С	20011219		
AT 198739		T	20010215	AT 1994-929640	19941011 <
US 5707994		A	19980113	US 1996-633800	19960419 <
US 6048854		A	20000411	US 1997-937901	19970925 <
PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:			JP 1993-286091	A 19931019
				JP 1993-350177	A 19931228
				WO 1994-JP1700	W 19941011
OTHER SOURCE(S)			123:2867		
				-A1-NHCH2CH(CO2R1)NH	
				alkenyl, alkynyl, ar	
				R1 except H; A1 = CO	
				ative residue thereo: f these amino acid r	
				NR7CO, CO-A5-NR8, NR	
				lic ring; wherein R6	
				acid residue, deriva	
				ising 2 of these ami	
				, alkenylene, or alk	
				, oxo, halo, aryl, o	
				constituting the bive	
				9, and 4-9, resp.; Y	
				atom) = H, alkyl; V3	
(un)substit	uted all	tyl, cyc	loalkyl,	NH2, acylamino, alko:	xycarbonyl,
				O; $m = 2-3$] or pharm	
acceptable	salts th	nereof a	re prepar	ed These compds. ar	e useful as platelet
aggregatio					
				resorption	
inhibitors					
					min and with pyridine
				yloxycarbonylaminopr	
					ied with MeOH by using
				-3-(3-dimethylaminop	
				th MeSO3H in MeCN at	ZU° to room arbonvl-β-alanine bv
				with N-tert-butoxyic ethylaminopropyl)car	
					DOG11M1GE 2CH2CONHCH2CH(NHR)CO2Me
					zed over 10% Pd-C in
					ing F+2N +0 give T /P =

AcOBE-ELOH and condensed with PhSO2cl in CH2Cl2 containing Bt3N to give I (R = SO2Ph) which was treated with MeSO3H in MeCN, neutralized with a DMF solution of Bt3N, and condensed with N-tert-butoxylcarbonyl-4-amidinobenzoic acid by using HOBT.H2O and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride to give, after treatment with CF3CO2H under ice-cooling, a

title peptide (II.CF3CO2H). II.CF3CO2H in vitro showed IC50 of 4.6 + 10-9, 2.0 + 10-7, and 1.0 + 10-6 M for inhibiting the binding of blood platelet to cell adhesion proteins such as human fibrinogen, human fibronectin, and human vitronectin, resp. It was administered to guinea pigs at 0.1 mg/kg p.o. and the blood samples of the animals were taken after 0.5-6 h and treated with ADP to show 100% inhibition of the ADP-induced blood platelet coaquiation.

L34 ANSWER 15 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:508004 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:266008

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 122:48588h, 48589a

TITLE: Preparation of novel dipiperidine derivative with selective affinity to receptor of cell adhesion

protein

Ikeda, Yoshiharu; Ueki, Yasuyuki; Nishihara, Toshio; INVENTOR(S):

Kamikawa, Yumiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

> APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE DATE 19950112 WO 1994-JP908 19940606 <--WO 9501336 A1 W: CA, CN, JP, KR, US RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE CA 2166075 A1 19950112 CA 1994-2166075 19940606 <--EP 706999 A1 19960417 EP 1994-917158 19940606 <--R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, NL, PT, SE US 5607948 A 19970304 US 1995-578697

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

OTHER SOURCE(S):

JP 1993-189120 A 19930630 WO 1994-JP908 W 19940606 MARPAT 122:266008

19951228 <--

AB A novel dipiperidine derivative represented by general formula {I; R1 = H, lower alkyl; Y = a single bond, O; n = 1, 2 or 3; W = CH2, O; R2 = H or a carboxyl-modifying group eliminable in vivo; X1, X3 = H, lower alkyl; X2 = H, lower alkyl, aryl, CHX40X5 (wherein X4 = H, Me; X5 = H, HO-modifying group), CH2CH2OX5, C(X4)2SX6 (wherein X6 = H or thiol-modifying group), CH2CH2S(O) mMe (wherein m = 0, 1, 2), (CH2)pCO2X7 (wherein p = 1,2; X7 = H, HO2C-modifying group), (CH2)pCONHX8 (wherein X8 = H, amide-modifying group), (CH2) gNHX9 (wherein g = 3,4; X9 = H, H2N-modifying group), (CH2) qNHC(:NH) NHX10 (wherein X10 = H, quanidino-modifying group) , (CH2)rX11 [wherein r = 1,2; X11 = halo, cycloalkyl, (un)substituted aryl or heterocyclyl]; or X1 and X2 forms trimethylene or tetramethylene; or X2 and X3 forms pentamethylene} or a pharmacol. acceptable salt thereof is prepared This dipiperidine derivative of an amino acid I show selective affinity to receptors of cell adhesion proteins such as fibronectin, laminin, and vitronectin and is useful as a novel platelet aggregation inhibitor, cancer metastasis inhibitor, wound remedy or bone resorption inhibitor. Thus, Z-Tyr(Me)-OH was condensed with tert-Bu 4-piperidyloxyacetate hydrochloride by using 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride hydrochloride, hydroxybenzotriazole, and Et3N in DMF to give tyrosine derivative (II; R = benzyloxycarbonyl; R3 = tert-butyl). The latter compound was hydrogenolyzed over 10% Pd-C in MeOH to give II (R = H, R3 = tert-buty1) which was similarly condensed with 1-benzyloxycarbonyl-4-piperidyloxyacetic acid (preparation given) to give, after deprotection by hydrogenolysis over 10% Pd-C and treatment with CF3CO2H, II (R = Q, R3 = H) (III). III showed IC50 of 48 nM for inhibiting the ADP-induced aggregation of human platelet rich plasma and 0.45, 67, and >100 µM for inhibiting the binding of fibrinogen, fibronectin, and collagen to blood platelet, resp.

L34 ANSWER 16 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

1994:701332 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:301332

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 121:55181a,55184a

TITLE: Preparation of heterocyclylpeptides as drugs.

INVENTOR(S): Klingler, Otmar; Breipohl, Gerhard; Zoller, Gerhard; Jablonka, Bernd; Just, Melitta; Knolle, Jochen;

Koenig, Wolfgang

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cassella AG, Germany SOURCE: Ger. Offen.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

CODEN: GWXXBX DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent German LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	TENT NO.			KIN	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE	
DE	4308034			A1	19940915	DE 1993-4308034 19930313 <	
	2155842			A1	19940929		
WO	9421607			A1	19940929	WO 1994-EP481 19940219 <	
	W: AU,	CA,	HU,	JP,	KR, US		
	RW: AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE	
AU	9461423			A	19941011	AU 1994-61423 19940219 <	
AU	678438			B2	19970529		
EP	688315			A1	19951227	EP 1994-908350 19940219 <	
EP	688315			B1	19990506		
	R: AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE	
HU	72756			A2	19960528	HU 1995-2660 19940219 <	
JP	08509209	ł		T	19961001	JP 1994-520559 19940219 <	
JP	3547745			B2	20040728		
AT	179698			T	19990515	AT 1994-908350 19940219 <	
ES	2133543			Т3	19990916	ES 1994-908350 19940219 <	
ZA	9401714			A	19941005	ZA 1994-1714 19940311 <	
IL	108943			A	20010430	IL 1994-108943 19940311 <	
US	5658935			A	19970819	US 1996-513897 19960117 <	
PRIORIT	Y APPLN.	INFO	. :			DE 1993-4308034 A 19930313	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 121:301332

Title compds. [I; Z1 = CO, CS; Z2 = CO, CS, CH2; Y = (CH2)mCO, CHR5CO, C6H4CO; m = 1-4; r = 0-3; A = CHR1, NR1, X1C6H4CH:C; B = CH2, O; W = COW1, tetrazolv1, SO3H, SO2NHR9; X1 = (CH2)qNHX, (CH2)pC(:NX)NH2; p, q = 0-3; W1 = OH, alkoxy, (substituted) arylalkoxy, aryloxy, amino; R = H, alkyl; R1 = Q1, (CH2) nNHX, etc.; n = 1-6; t = 0-2; X = H, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, (substituted) arylcarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, etc.; R2 = H, (substituted) alkyl, Ph; R3 = H, CO2R4, CONMeR4, CONHR4; R4 = H, (substituted) alkyl; R5 = amino acid side chain; R9 = H, aminocarbonyl, alkyl, cycloalkyl; with provisos], were prepared as inhibitors of thrombocyte aggregation, tumor cell metastasis, and osteoclast binding to bone surfaces (no data). I inhibit binding of fibrinogen, fibronectin, and von Willebrand factor to integrin receptors (no data). Thus, [3-[4-(aminoiminomethyl)benzyl]-2,5dioxopyrrolidin-1-yl]acetylaspartylphenylglycine was prepared via coupling of [3-[4-(aminoiminomethyl)benzyl]-2,5-dioxopyrrolidin-1-yl]acetic acid hydrochloride (preparation starting from tri-Et 1,1,2-ethanetricarboxylate and 4-bromomethylbenzonitrile given) with H-Asp(OtBu)-Phg-OtBu (Phg =

WO 1994-EP481

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=> d his
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L34

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L3
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L5
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L6
              0 S L2 SSS FULL
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                S L5
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:17:05 ON 12 SEP 2008
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L12
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L13
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           2727 S L15 AND BETA-3
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           1901 S L16 AND ALPHA-IIB
           1264 S L17 AND PY<=2003
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L25
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          2769 S L29 AND RECEPTORS
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           635 S L30 AND INHIBITORS
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           64 S L32 AND (BONE OR SKELETAL)
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16 S L33 AND PY<=2003